



W. H. SALISBURY & CO.

ADMINISTRATION & DISTRIBUTION CENTER

7520 NO. LONG AVE., BOX 1060, SKOKIE, ILLINOIS 60077 TEL. 312/679-6700

NOTICE

These Linemen's Rubber Gloves Have Been Manufactured
To The ANSI/ASTM D120

Specifications

Red Label	-	Class 0	-	5,000 V Proof Test
White Label	-	Class 1	-	10,000 V Proof Test
Yellow Label	-	Class 2	-	20,000 V Proof Test
Green Label	-	Class 3	-	30,000 V Proof Test
Orange Label	-	Class 4	-	40,000 V Proof Test

INSTRUCTIONS: Care and Use of Insulating Rubber Gloves

INSULATING RUBBER GLOVES:

Rubber insulating gloves in good condition, and properly used are designed to protect the wearer from the potential danger of electrical shock, burns, serious injury or death. The following instructions do not serve as a total warning against all potential hazards.

CARE AND USE OF INSULATING GLOVES:

Proper care and use of these products are essential to the safety of the user. Gloves should be inspected visually by the wearer at least once a day. Such inspection should include the inside as well as the outside surfaces.

Gloves can be damaged by many chemicals, especially petroleum base products, such as oils, gasoline, hydraulic fluid, inhibitors, hand creams, pastes and salves. If contact is made with these or other petroleum base products, the contaminant should be wiped off immediately. Gloves should be cleaned using a mild soap. After washing, rinse thoroughly with clear water and air dry. If any signs of physical damage or chemical deterioration are found, such as swelling, softness, hardening, stickiness, ozone deterioration or sunchecking, the subject gloves should not be used.

Gloves should be stored in a protective bag when not being used.

Follow your employer's safe work practices and procedures. Rings, watches, jewelry and sharp objects should not be worn on your hands or arms when wearing rubber gloves.

LEATHER PROTECTORS

Rubber insulating gloves should always be used with protector gloves. They should be inspected at the same time the rubber gloves are inspected. Look for metal particles, imbedded wire, abrasive materials or any substance that could cause puncture, abrasion, contamination or deterioration. Adequate flashover distance between the top of the protector and bead of the rubber glove should be maintained. The minimal recommended uncovered distance is 1" for each 10,000 volts.

These instructions should be distributed to the actual users of the rubber gloves and not kept in the testing laboratory or storeroom.

50M/4/80

Salisbury Rubber Products

PLEASE NOTE: THESE INSTRUCTIONS SHOULD BE DISTRIBUTED TO THE ACTUAL USERS OF THE GLOVES

INSULATING RUBBER GLOVES

Rubber insulating gloves in good condition, and properly used are designed to protect the wearer from the potential danger of electrical shock, burns, serious injury or death. The following instructions do not serve as a total warning against all potential hazards.

CARE AND USE OF INSULATING GLOVES

Proper care and use of these products are essential to the safety of the user. Gloves should be inspected visually by the wearer at least once a day. Such inspection should include the inside as well as the outside surfaces.

Gloves can be damaged by many chemicals, especially petroleum base products, such as oils, gasoline, hydraulic fluid, inhibitors, hand creams, pastes and salves. If contact is made with these or other petroleum base products, the contaminant should be wiped off immediately. Gloves should be cleaned using a mild soap. After washing, rinse thoroughly with clear water and air dry. If any signs of physical damage or chemical deterioration are found, such as swelling, softness, hardening, stickiness, ozone deterioration or sunchecking, the subject gloves should not be used.

Gloves should be stored in a protective bag when not being used.

Follow your employer's safe work practices and procedures. Rings, watches, jewelry and sharp objects should not be worn on your hands or arms when wearing rubber gloves.

LEATHER PROTECTORS

Rubber insulating gloves should always be used with protector gloves. They should be inspected at the same time the rubber gloves are inspected. Look for metal particles, imbedded wire, abrasive materials or any substance that could cause puncture, abrasion, contamination or deterioration. Adequate flashover distance between the top of the protector and bead of the rubber glove should be maintained. The minimal recommended uncovered distance is 1" for each 10,000 volts.

THE WHITE RUBBER COMPANY
Ravenna, Ohio 44266