

#### REVISIONS

#### **SEPTEMBER 11**

- Scenario 2.0C corrected a typo in the 25-yr NPVRR (was previously reported as \$12,224 corrected to \$12,234)
  - Updated on slides 13, 41, 43, & 45

#### **SEPTEMBER 18**

- For certain sensitivity runs, the metric *Total CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT)* was incorrectly reported in the summary tables in the previous release. The *Total CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT)* and *Total CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)* metrics were not affected, and the CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions graphs and CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions data in the Modeling Results Tables are correct.
  - Updated figures are shown in purple text on slides 35, 37, 39, 41, 45, 47, 51, 57, 59, & 63

#### **OCTOBER 30**

- Added 3 new sensitivity runs on slides 64-69:
  - 2.1C.CAPEX-1 (High Sustaining Capex)
  - 2.1C.CAPEX-2 (Low Sustaining Capex)
- 2.1C.PRICES-1 (High Import & Gas Prices)
- Updated scenarios list on slide 33 with purple text to reflect these additions



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINAL PORTFOLIO STUDY RESULTS

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS RESULTS



# FINAL PORTFOLIO STUDY RESULTS SCENARIO RESULTS



#### FINAL PORTFOLIO STUDY

- The following slides provide the Final Portfolio Study results from PLEXOS for the key scenarios (full capacity expansion runs in PLEXOS LT, and Generation / Production Cost results from PLEXOS MT/ST hourly simulations)
- The section includes detailed outputs of each scenario including energy mix, nameplate capacity installation, emissions compliance, achieved Planning Reserve Margin (PRM), several metrics of partial NPV of revenue requirement (NPVRR), average annual partial rate impact, and scenario notes
- NPVs presented in these results are partial revenue requirements that consider modeled costs (i.e. production, O&M, abatement, sustaining capital, and capital investment) and specific costs considered outside of the long-term model optimization (e.g. energy efficiency costs)



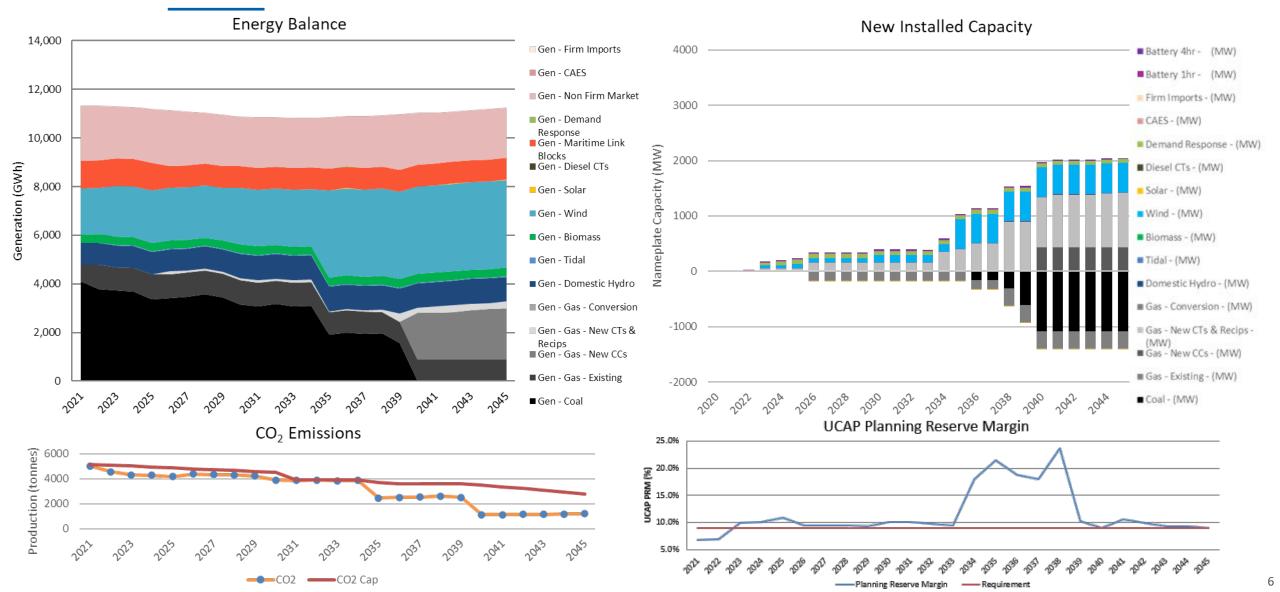
## FINAL PORTFOLIO STUDY - METRICS

The following metrics are being used to evaluate each portfolio studied; updates from the Scenarios and Modeling Plan release based on ongoing work and stakeholder feedback are shown in purple text.

Metric	Description
Minimization of the cumulative present value of the annual revenue requirements	25 year NPV Revenue Requirement
over the planning horizon (with and without end-effects adjustment)	Average Annual Partial Rate Impact - 25-yr
Magnitude and timing of electricity rate effects	10 year NPV Revenue Requirement
	Average Annual Partial Rate Impact - 10-yr
Reliability requirements for supply adequacy	Evaluation of PRM, resource capacity adequacy, operating reserve requirements, etc.
Provision of essential grid services for system	Quantitative and qualitative assessment of the status of essential grid
stability and reliability	services provision for each portfolio. Many plans are similar in this respect, so only key differences will be noted at this time.
Plan robustness (the ability of a plan to withstand plausible potential changes to	Magnitude of the plan's exposure to changes in key assumptions (via
key assumptions)	sensitivity analysis) as well as resiliency to risks
Reduction of greenhouse gas and/or other emissions	Quantitative reductions as output by Plexos; total emissions over planning
	horizon.
Flexibility (limitation of constraints on future decisions arising from the selection of a particular path)	Qualitative assessment of timing of investments



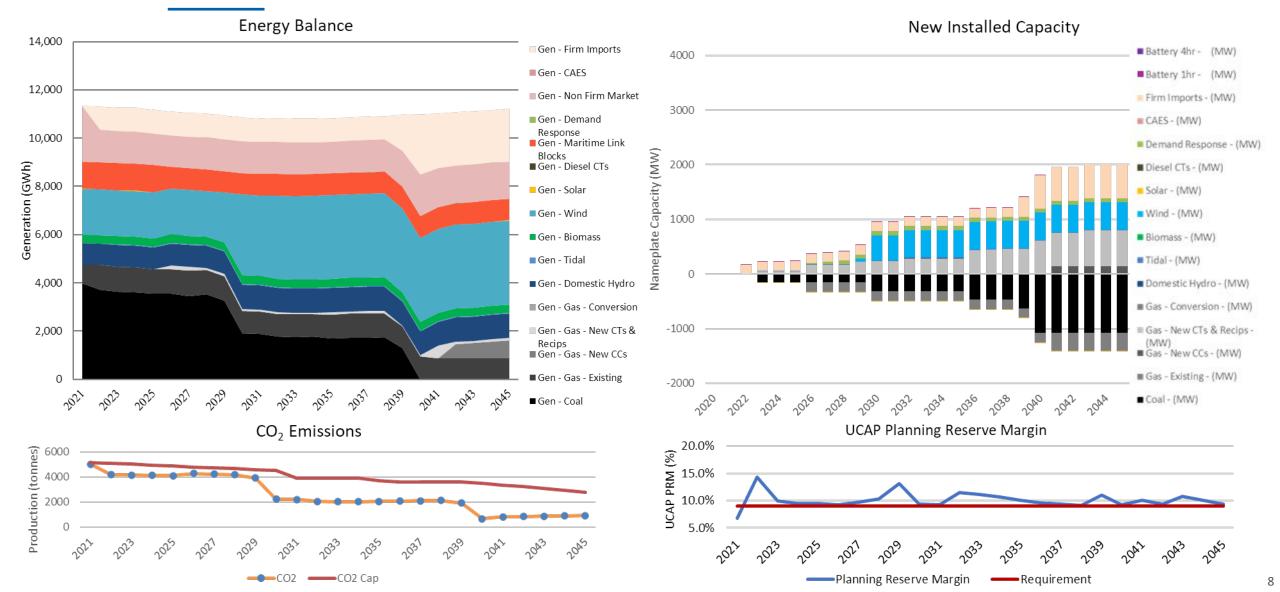
1.0A
LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / COMPARATOR EMISSIONS / CURRENT LANDSCAPE



1.0A
LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / COMPARATOR EMISSIONS / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,419	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Coal capacity replaced with new gas CCGT and CT units in late 2030s</li> <li>Reliability Tie is built and enables additional economic wind generation in 2035</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,692	Essential Grid Services  • Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,850	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2035 Regional Integration: n/a
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.8% 1.0%	<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No reliance on firm import energy or capacity</li> <li>Not compliant with Sustainable Development Goals Act</li> <li>More exposure to natural gas prices with 435MW NGCC capacity in 2040s</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	43.5 35.0 78.5	

1.0C
LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / COMPARATOR EMISSIONS / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

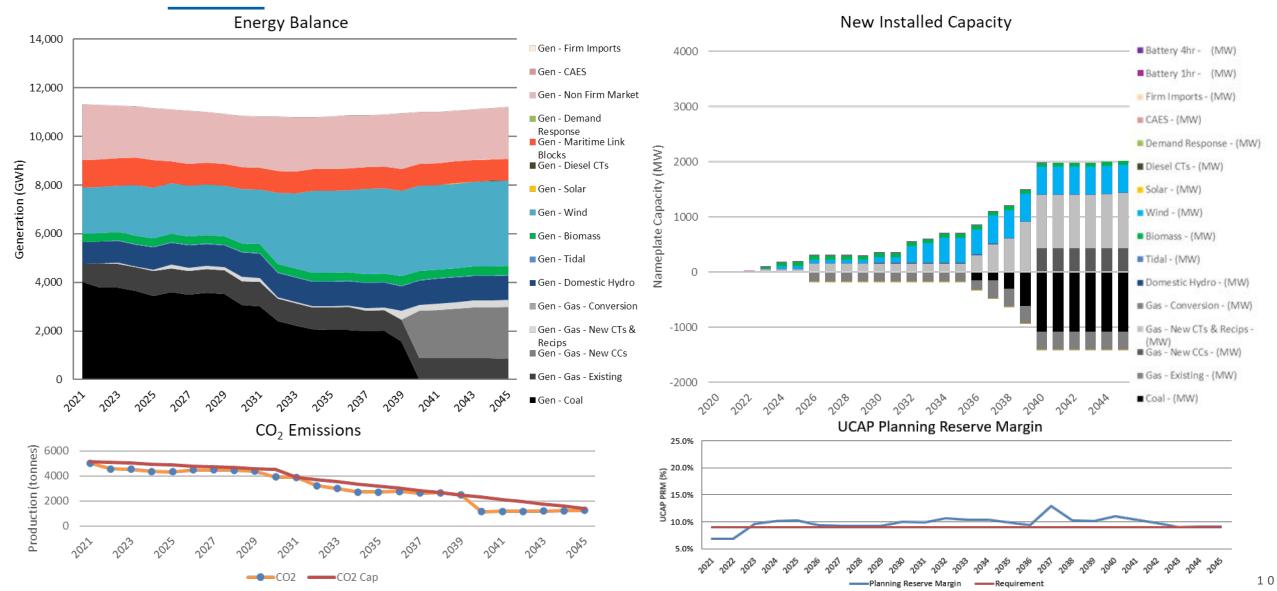


1.0C

#### LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / COMPARATOR EMISSIONS / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,190	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Incremental firm imports enable an economic coal unit retirement in the 2020s</li> <li>Reliability Tie in 2030 enables additional wind integration earlier than seen in previous results</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,167	<ul> <li>Regional Interconnection constructed in 2039 allows remaining coal retirements</li> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,811	Resource Adequacy & PRM  • Reliability Tie: 2030
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.9% 0.8%	<ul> <li>Regional Integration: 2039</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Not compliant with Sustainable Development Goals Act</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	40.4 23.5 63.8	

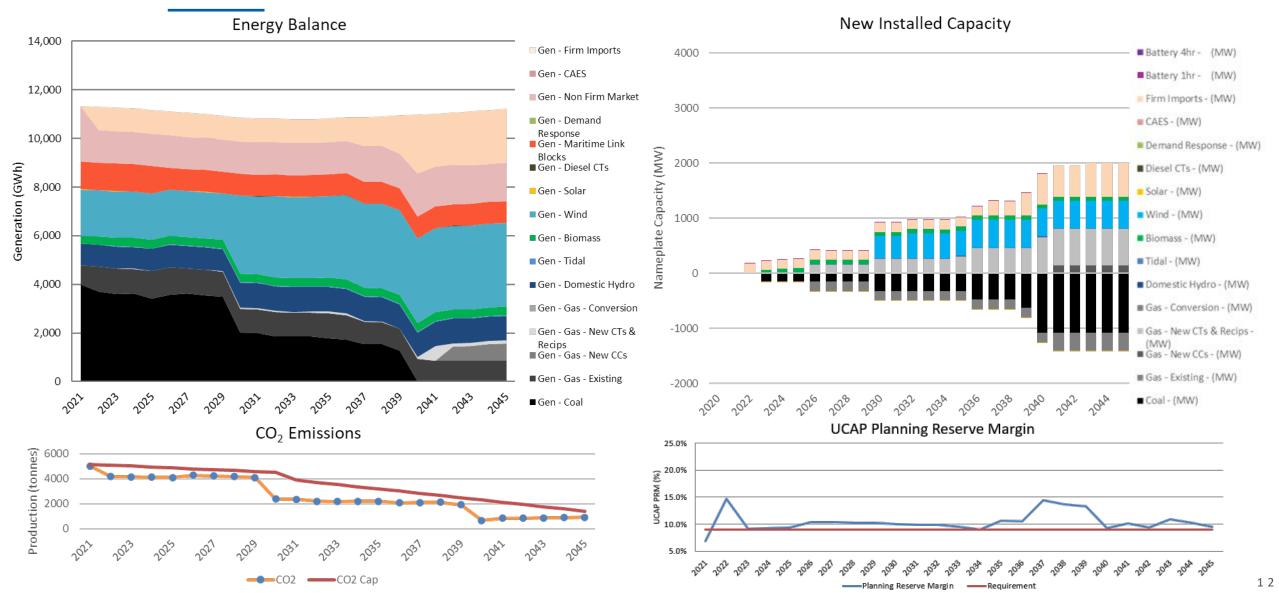
2.0A
LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE



2.0A
LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,351	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Reliability Tie built in 2030 enables wind integration; does not provide firm capacity or energy access</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,609	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,831	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2032  Regional Integration: n/a
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.9% 1.0%	<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No reliance on firm import energy or capacity</li> <li>More exposure to natural gas prices with 435MW NGCC capacity in 2040s</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	44.5 33.2 77.7	

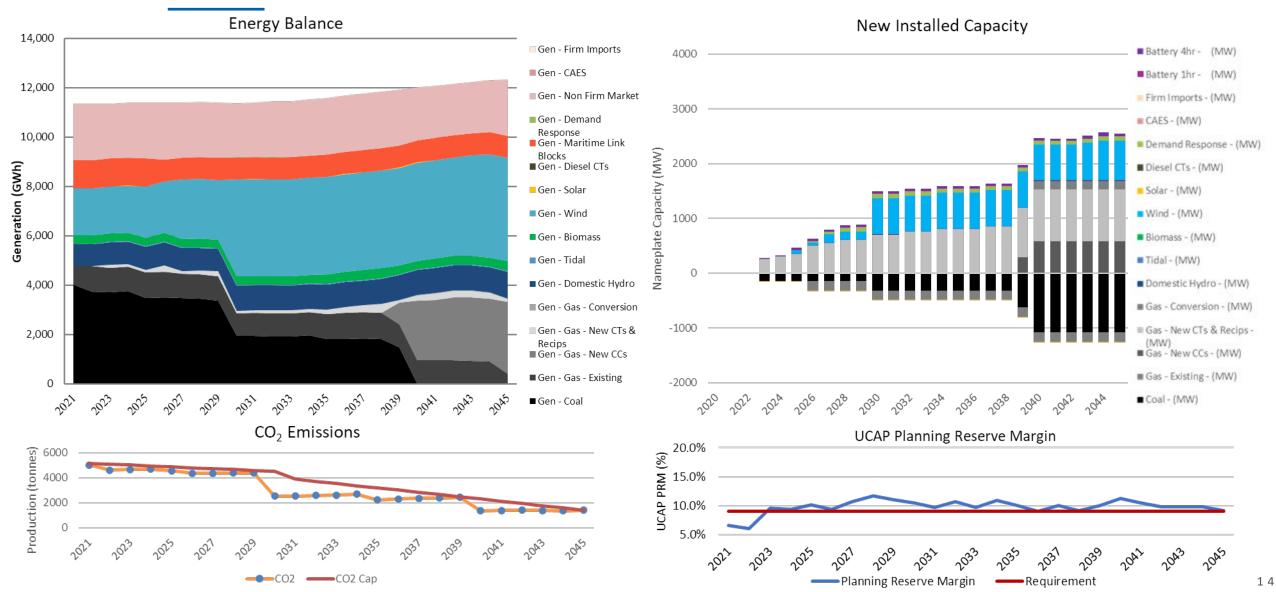
2.0C
LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION



2.0C
LOW ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,234	General Notes  • Capacity expansion and generation are very similar to 1.0C case but with SDGA compliant GHG curve
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,241	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,820	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2030 Regional Integration: 2037
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.9% 0.9%	<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	40.7 24.3 65.0	

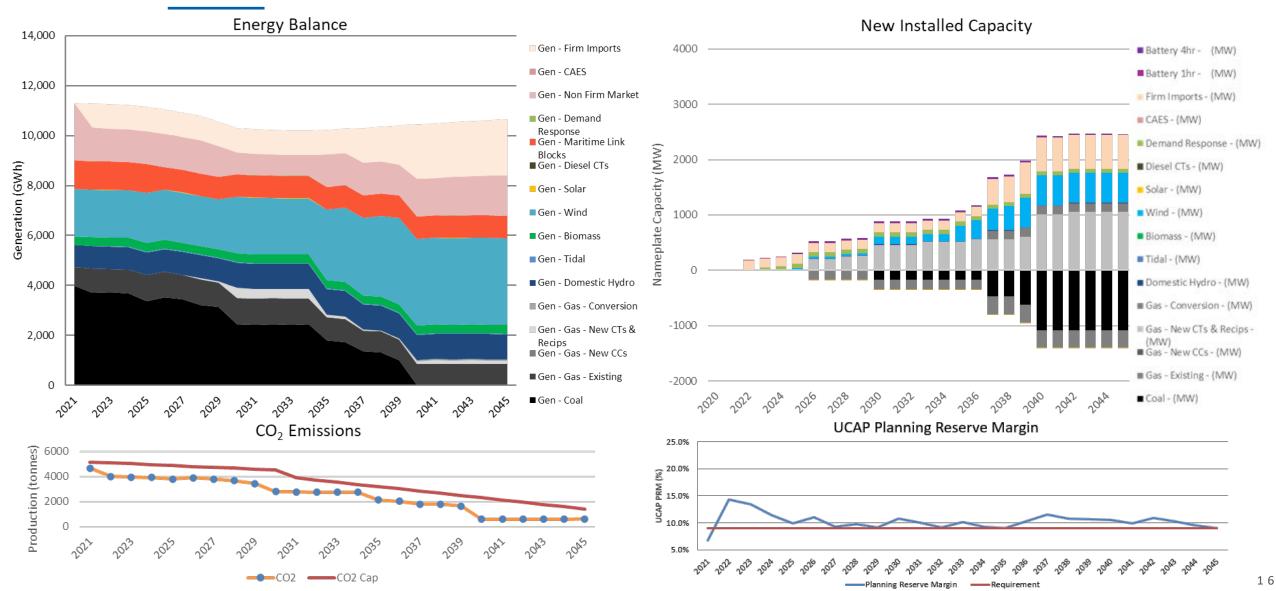
2.1A
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE



2.1A
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,353	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Reliability Tie built in 2031 enables wind integration but does not provide firm capacity or energy access</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$18,264	<ul> <li>Gas CT builds provide capacity to support early electrification load growth; energy is supplied by wind and non-firm imports, and CCGT when coal units retire</li> <li>1 coal unit converted to gas in 2040</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,100	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.8% 0.8%	<ul> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2030</li> <li>Regional Integration: n/a</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No reliance on firm import energy or capacity</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	43.6 30.3 73.9	More exposure to natural gas prices with 435MW NGCC capacity in 2040s

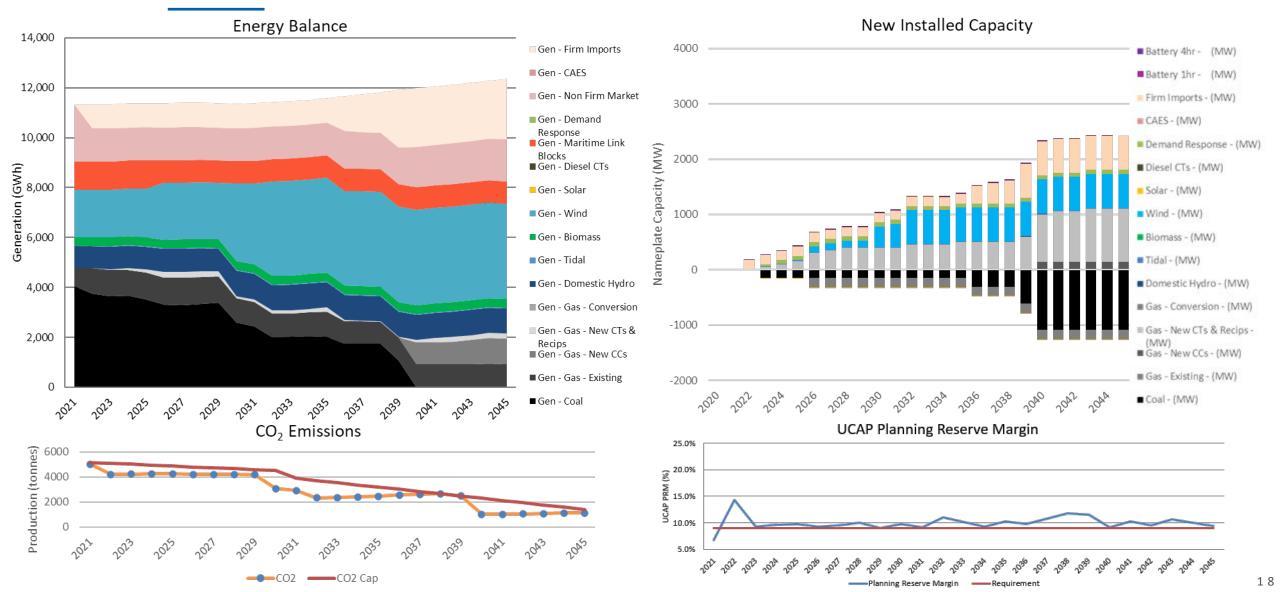
2.1B
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / DISTRIBUTED RESOURCES



2.1B
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / DISTRIBUTED RESOURCES

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,479	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>DER is modeled as a load reduction; cost of DER resources not included in NPV calculations (\$1.6B - \$2.5B)</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,573	<ul> <li>1 coal unit converted to gas in 2037</li> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,949	Resource Adequacy & PRM  • Reliability Tie: 2035
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.9% 1.2%	<ul> <li>Regional Integration: 2037</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	37.9 23.8 61.7	

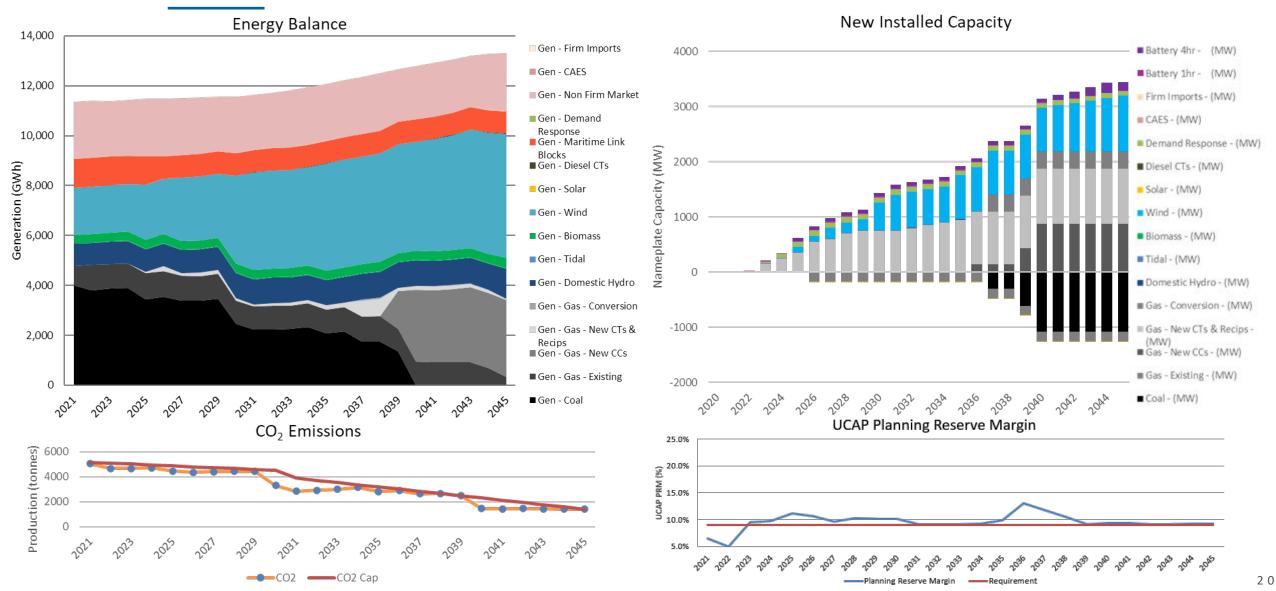
2.1C
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION



2.1C
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation		
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Reliability Tie built in 2031 (earlier than previous runs) enables wind integration</li> <li>1 coal unit retired economically in 2020s</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,767	<ul> <li>1 less combined cycle unit in 2040 than seen in previous runs</li> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,067	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2030
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Regional Integration: 2036</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	41.8 29.1 70.9	

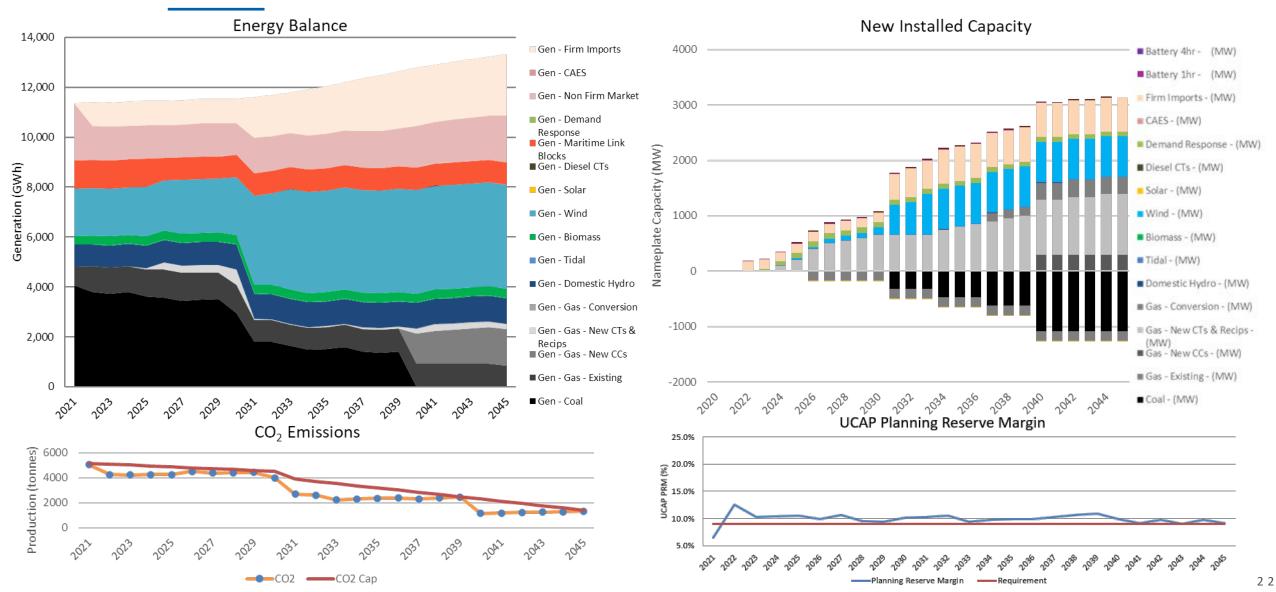
2.2A
HIGH ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE



2.2A
HIGH ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$15,656	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Early load growth served by incremental gas CTs and non firm import energy</li> <li>Reliability Tie built in 2030 (earlier than previous runs) enables wind integration</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$21,627	<ul> <li>Additional wind is integrated with local mitigation</li> <li>2 coal units converted to gas in 2037</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$8,232	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.4% 1.0%	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie: 2030</li> <li>Regional Integration: n/a</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No reliance on firm import energy or capacity</li> <li>Significant exposure to natural gas prices with NGCC and gas conversion builds</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	44.4 33.9 78.3	Limited ability to adjust sources of supply as existing import options are maximized

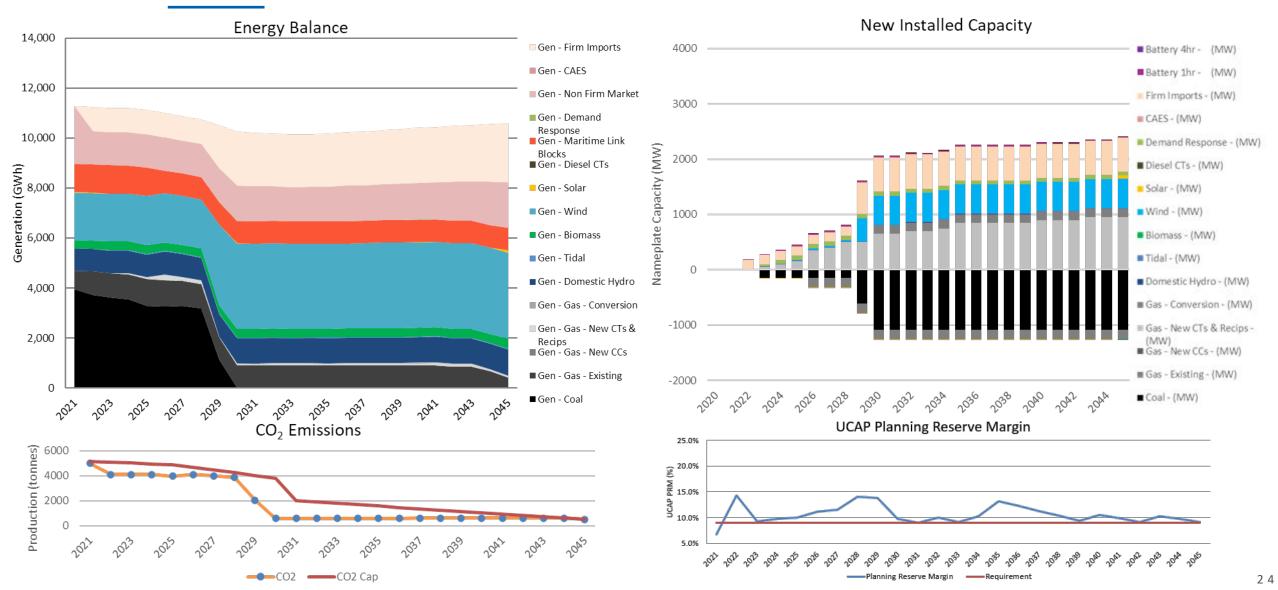
2.2C
HIGH ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION



2.2C
HIGH ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$15,380	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Reliability Tie &amp; Regional Interconnection built in 2031 (earlier than in previous runs)</li> <li>2 coal to gas conversions in 2037 &amp; 2040</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$20,945	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$8,201	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2031 Regional Integration: 2031
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.3% 0.8%	<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	43.7 29.0 72.7	

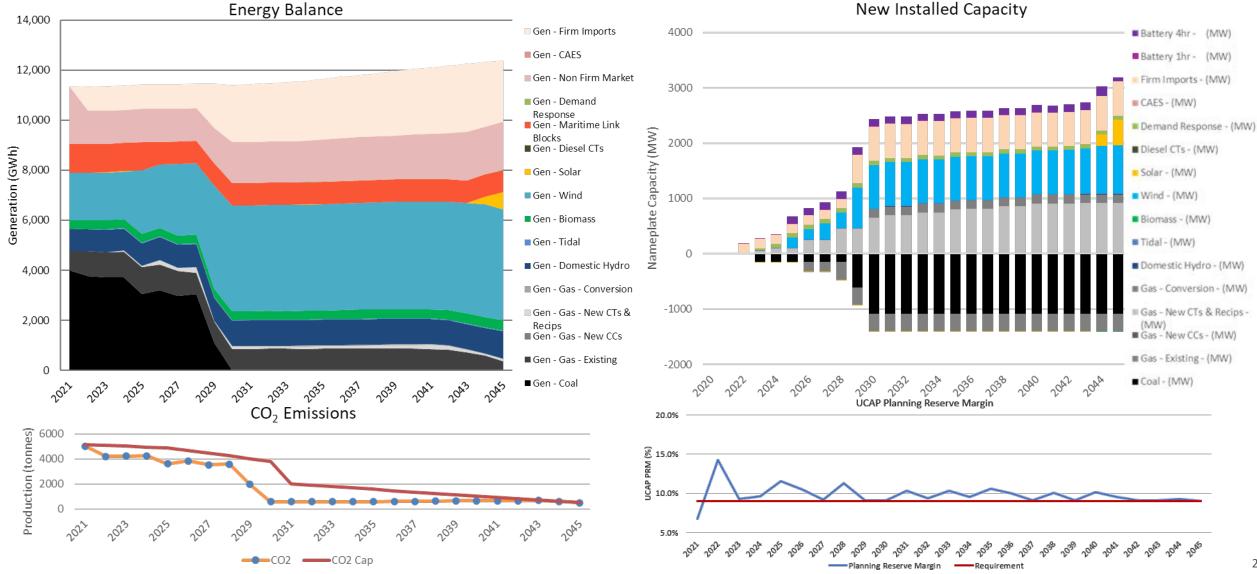
3.1B
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / DISTRIBUTED RESOURCES



 $3.1B\,$  MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / DISTRIBUTED RESOURCES

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,698	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>DER is modeled as a load reduction; cost of DER resources not included in NPV calculations (\$1.6B - \$2.5B)</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,754	Reliability Tie and Regional Interconnection built in 2029 (earlier than in previous simulations) offsets build of NGCC assets seen in previous modeling results
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,950	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	2.3% 1.2%	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie: 2029</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2029</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	35.8 8.8 44.7	

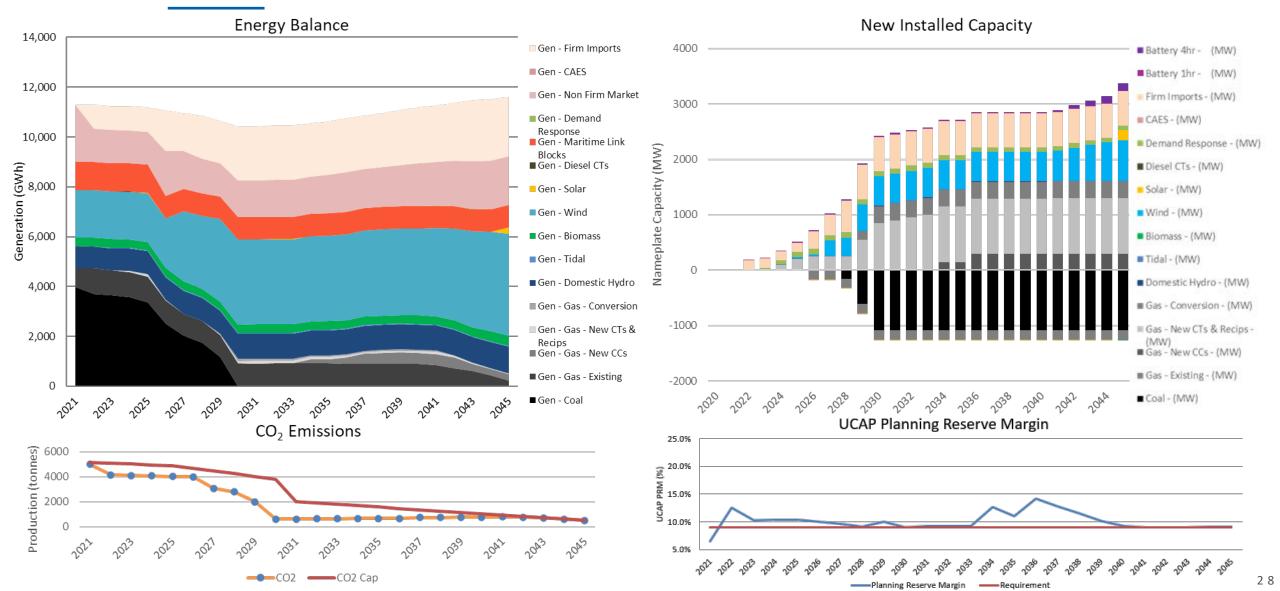
3.1C
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION



3.1C
MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,734	General Notes  1 coal to gas conversion in 2030 Regional Interconnection build in 2029
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$18,409	Solar is added late in the period (2044) as an energy resource      Essential Grid Services      Forential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled.
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,224	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2029</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.4% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Regional Integration: 2029</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	34.8 9.2 44.0	

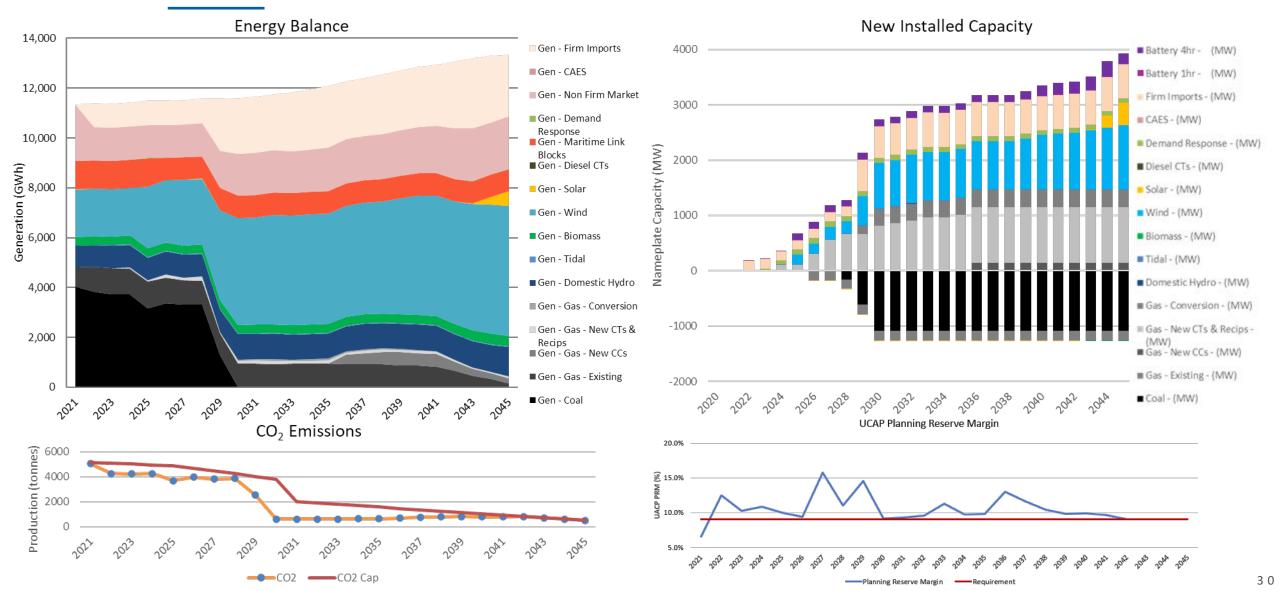
3.2B
HIGH ELEC. / MAX DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / DISTRIBUTED RESOURCES



3.2B
HIGH ELEC. / MAX DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / DISTRIBUTED RESOURCES

		Scenario Metrics & Evaluation	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$15,045	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>DER is modeled as a load reduction; cost of DER resources not included in NPV calculations (\$1.6B - \$2.5B)</li> </ul>	
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$20,176	<ul> <li>2 coal to gas conversions (2029 &amp; 2030)</li> <li>Solar is added late in the period (2045) as an energy resource</li> </ul>	
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$8,125	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> </ul>	
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	2.9% 1.3%	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie: 2026</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2026</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>	
Total $\mathrm{CO}_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $\mathrm{CO}_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $\mathrm{CO}_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	33.8 10.2 44.0		

3.2C
HIGH ELEC. / MAX DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION



3.2C
HIGH ELEC. / MAX DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation					
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$16,049	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Gas CT builds and incremental firm imports support early load growth</li> <li>Increased firm import energy relative to previous runs offsets NGCC generation (now see 1 unit rather than 3 in previous modeling results)</li> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Essential Grid Service requirements are met as modeled</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2029</li> </ul>			
25-yr NPVRR with End Effects (\$MM)	\$21,770				
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$8,355				
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	2.0% 0.9%	<ul> <li>Regional Integration: 2029</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Regional Integration provides flexible ability to meet emissions constraints</li> </ul>			
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	36.2 10.3 46.5				

# SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS RESULTS



### SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS OVERVIEW

In addition to the Final Portfolio Study, a series of model sensitivities has been studied to understand how model outputs will vary with adjustments to key input parameters of interest.

On the following slides, results are provided for each sensitivity run and are also compared to the corresponding base case in order to evaluate the impact of the change in model inputs.

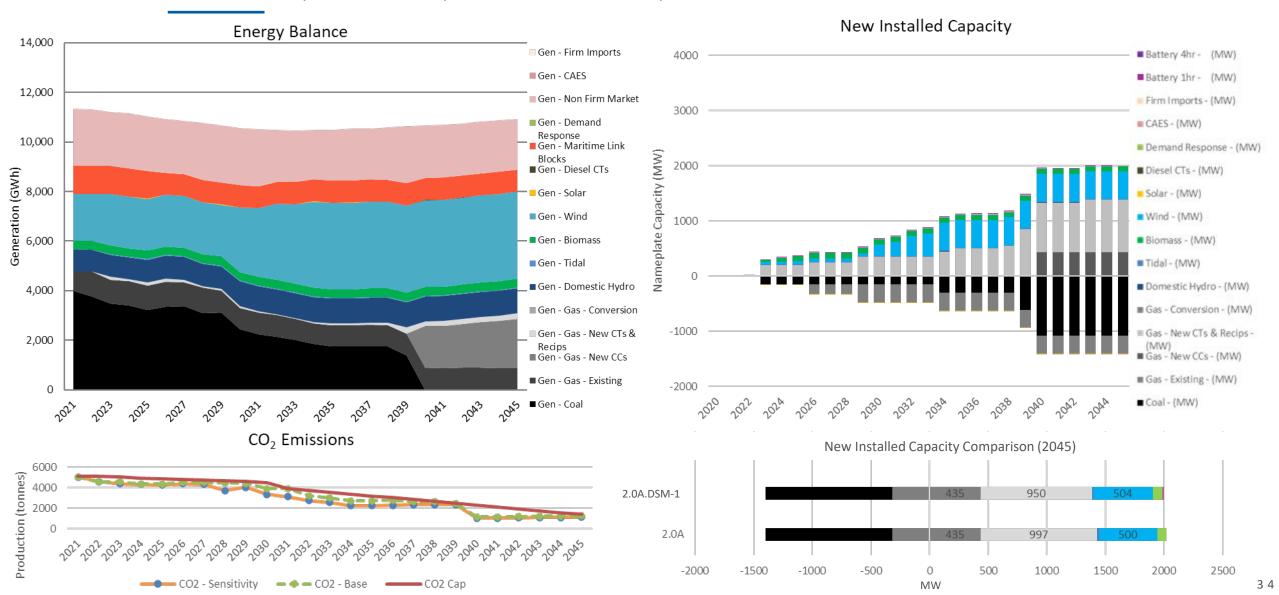
Sensitivities that are included in this results release are listed below:

2.0A.DSM-1	Low Electrification / Mid DSM		
2.1C.DSM-2	Mid Electrification / Mid DSM		
2.2C.DSM-3	High Electrification / Mid DSM		
2.0C.DSM-4	Low Electrification / Low DSM		
2.0C.DSM-5	Low Electrification / Mid DSM		
2.0C.DSM-6	Low Electrification / Max DSM		
3.1C.DSM-7	Mid Electrification / Mid DSM / 2030 Coal Retirement		
2.1C.Wind-1	Low Wind Cost		
2.1C.Wind-2	Low Wind + Low Battery Cost		
2.1C.Wind-3	Low Inertia		
2.1C.Wind-4	No Inertia / No Wind Integration Requirements		
2.1C.Mersey	Mersey Hydro Retired		
2.1C.Import-1	Limited Non-Firm Imports		
2.0A.Import-2	Current Landscape case without Reliability Tie		
2.1C.Import-3	Limited Reliability Tie Inertia (provides 50% of inertia requirement)		
2.1C.CAPEX-1	High Sustaining Capex		
2.1C.CAPEX-2	Low Sustaining Capex		
2.1C.PRICES-1	High Import & Gas Prices		



## 2.0A.DSM-1 (MID DSM)

LOW ELEC. / MID DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

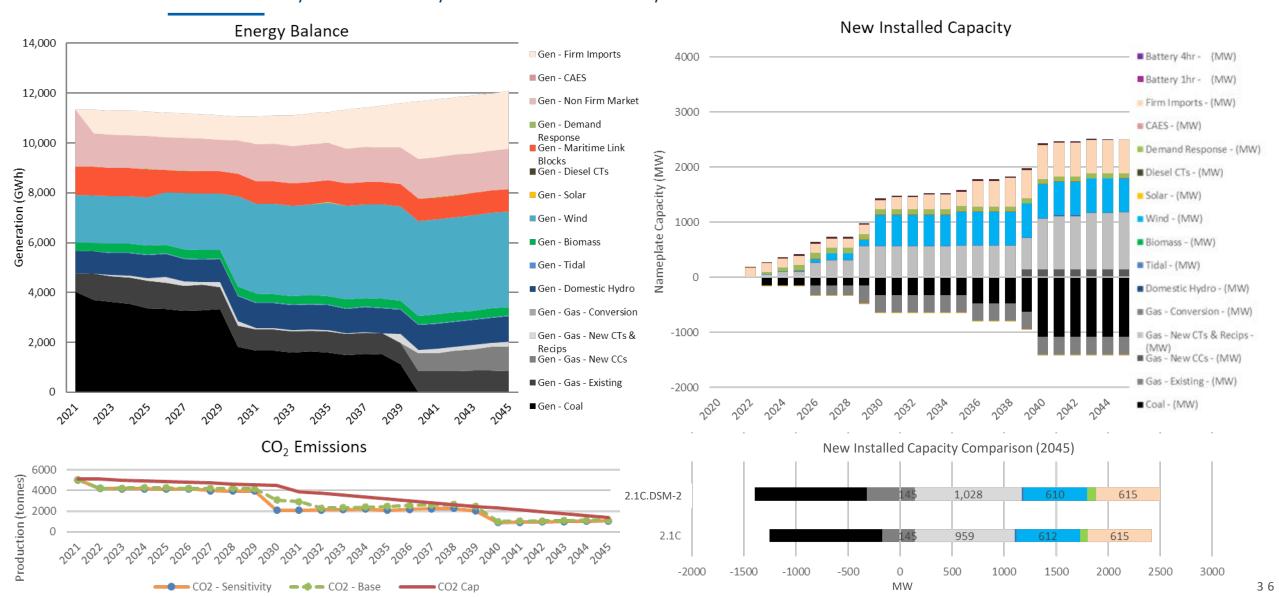


# 2.0A.DSM-1 (MID DSM)

LOW ELEC. / MID DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.0A)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,711	\$12,351	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Relative to 2.0A (which includes Base DSM), 47MW fewer CT resources are built due to the reduction in peak load from the higher level of DSM and the higher capacity contribution of the DR program associated with Mid DSM (DR economically selected in both models)</li> <li>NPVRR is increased relative to Base DSM case for all three time periods</li> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No significant change relative to 2.0A</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2028</li> <li>Regional Integration: n/a</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No significant change relative to 2.0A base</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,888	\$16,609	
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,199	\$6,831	
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.5% 1.1%	0.9% 1.0%	
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	42.2 28.6 70.7	44.5 33.2 77.7	

#### 2.1C.DSM-2 (MID DSM)

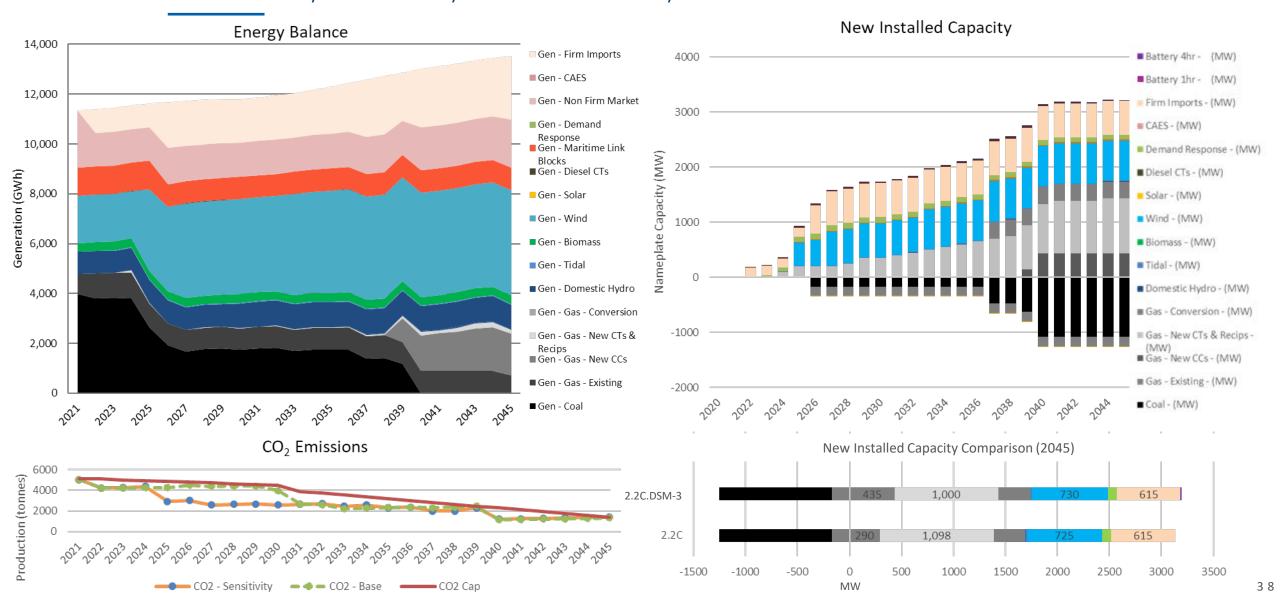


# 2.1C.DSM-2 (MID DSM)

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,468	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>1 coal unit is retired earlier than in 2.1C Base; remainder of resource plan very similar</li> <li>Mid DSM case retires one additional gas steam unit vs. 2.1C Base DSM by 2045; capacity is</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$18,013	\$17,767	replaced via a combination of decreased firm peak due to incremental DSM, additional combustion turbine capacity, and the higher capacity contribution of the DR program associated with Mid DSM
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,396	\$7,067	<ul> <li>NPVRR is increased relative to Base DSM case for all three time periods</li> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change relative to 2.1C</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.2% 0.8%	0.6% 0.7%	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2030 Regional Integration: 2031  Plan Robustness & Flexibility
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	39.9 25.2 65.1	41.8 29.1 70.9	No change relative to 2.1C Base

#### 2.2C.DSM-3 (MID DSM)

HIGH ELEC. / MID DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION



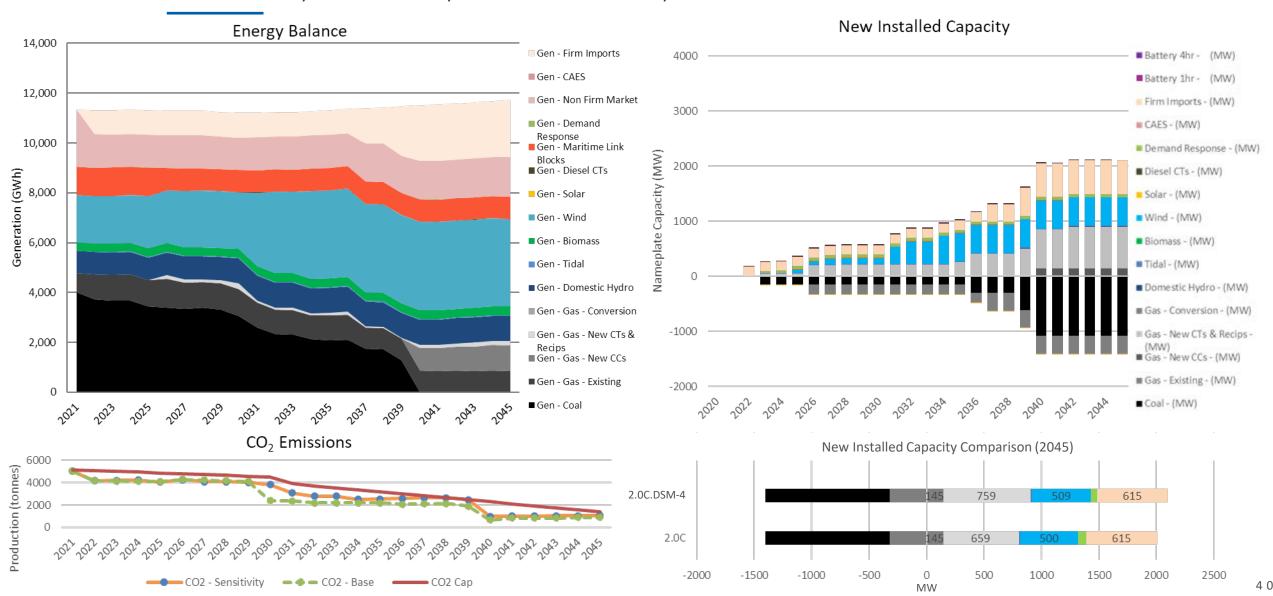
# 2.2C.DSM-3 (MID DSM)

HIGH ELEC. / MID DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.2C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$14,901	\$15,380	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Under the High Electrification / Mid DSM sensitivity, the Regional Interconnection is built 5 years earlier than 2.2C base case (which uses the Max DSM profile); this enables 1 earlier</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$20,366	\$20,945	<ul> <li>coal retirement in the 2030s economically and significantly reduces GHG emissions over the planning horizon</li> <li>By 2045, Mid DSM case has 1 additional NGCC unit and fewer combustion turbines for a net capacity difference of +47MW, very closely matching the firm peak increase of 41MW due</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,871	\$8,201	to the change in DSM level  NPVRR is decreased relative to 2.2C Max DSM case for all three time periods
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.8% 0.6%	1.3% 0.8%	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No significant change from 2.2C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2025</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2026</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	34.4 29.2 63.6	43.7 29.0 72.7	<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>One additional NGCC increases exposure to gas prices; total gas generation limited by emissions constraints in model scenarios</li> </ul>

#### 2.0C.DSM-4 (LOW DSM)

LOW ELEC. / LOW DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION



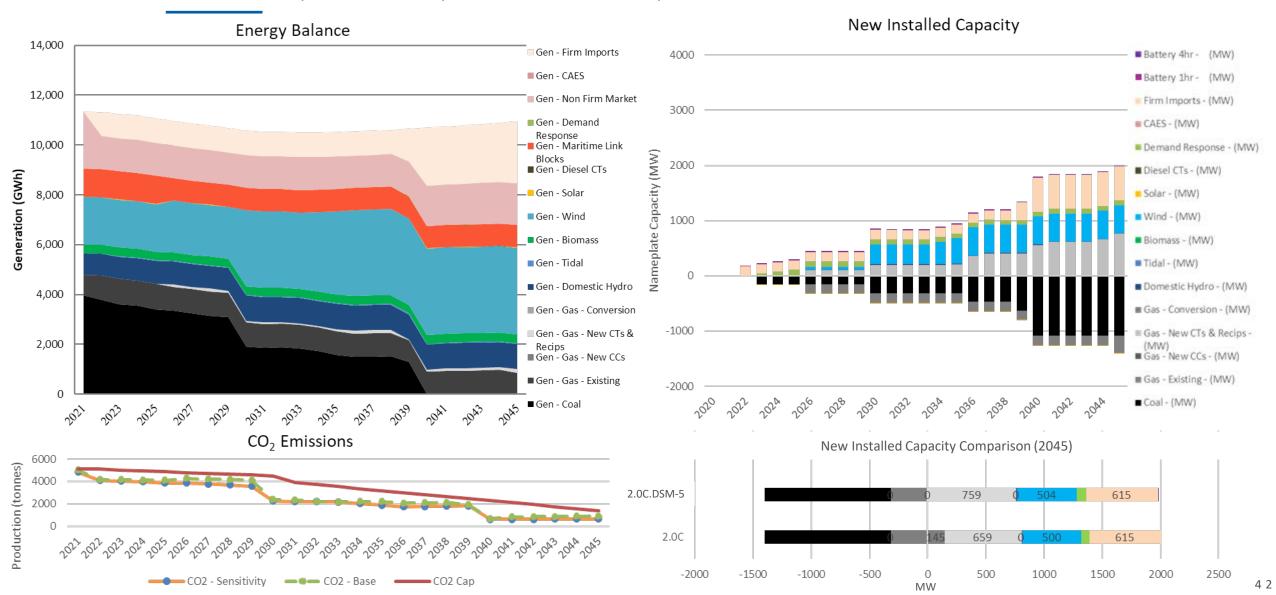
# 2.0C.DSM-4 (LOW DSM)

LOW ELEC. / LOW DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.0C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,206	\$12,234	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Similar resource plan overall to 2.0C Base DSM; 1 economic coal retirement is delayed later into 2030s due to increased load which leads to an increase in CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the 2030s</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,350	\$16,241	<ul> <li>By 2045 the Low DSM sensitivity adds 100MW incremental combustion turbine resources relative to Base DSM, closely matching the firm peak increase of 86MW (plus the associated PRM increase)</li> <li>NPVRR is decreased over the first 10 years, very similar over 25 years, and increased when</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,676	\$6,820	end effects are considered relative to 2.0C Base DSM indicating the solutions are very close economically
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.3% 0.7%	0.9% 0.9%	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change relative to 2.0C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2031</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2037</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	41.9 30.2 72.1	40.7 24.3 65.0	Plan Robustness & Flexibility  No change relative to 2.0C

#### 2.0C.DSM-5 (MID DSM)

LOW ELEC. / MID DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

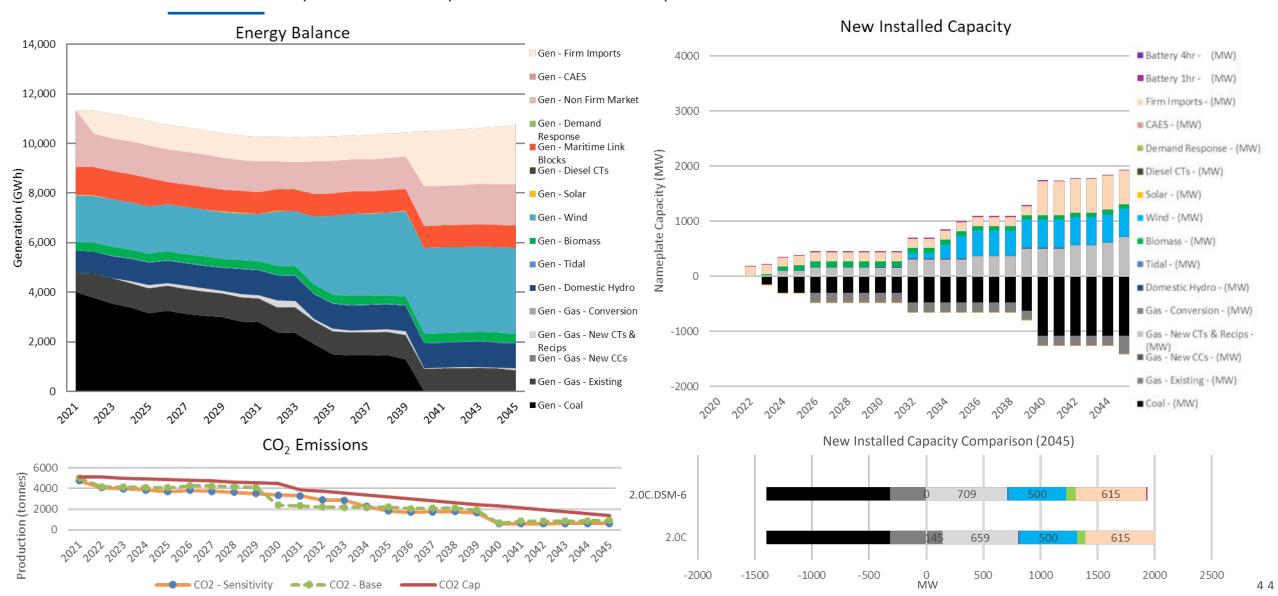


# 2.0C.DSM-5 (MID DSM)

LOW ELEC. / MID DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.0C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,556	\$12,234	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Generally a similar resource plan to 2.1C</li> <li>Increased level of DSM in this sensitivity deferred Regional Integration to 2039 from 2037.</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,561	\$16,241	<ul> <li>A net of 45MW of gas generation capacity is avoided (100 MW additional combustion turbines and 145MW less NGCC relative to 2.0C Base DSM)</li> <li>NPVRR is increased relative to Base DSM case for all three time periods</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,164	\$6,820	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change relative to 2.0C</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.4% 1.0%	0.9% 0.9%	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2030 Regional Integration: 2039  Plan Robustness & Flexibility No change relative to 2.0C
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	38.0 21.5 59.4	40.7 24.3 65.0	

#### 2.0C.DSM-6 (MAX DSM)

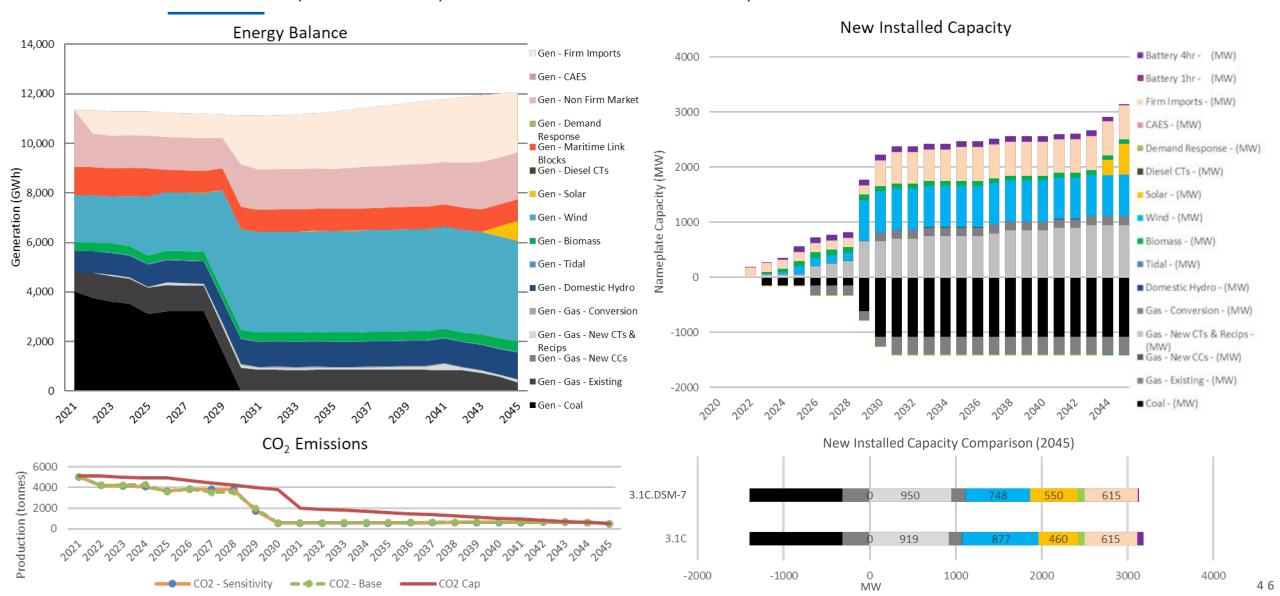


## 2.0C.DSM-6 (MAX DSM)

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.0C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,066	\$12,234	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Increased level of DSM deferred Reliability Tie to 2034 from 2030, and Regional Integration to 2040 from 2037.</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,153	\$16,241	<ul> <li>A net of 95MW of gas generation capacity is avoided (50 MW additional combustion turbines and 145MW less NGCC relative to 2.0C Base DSM)</li> <li>1 additional coal unit is retired in the 2020s economically and wind build is delayed</li> <li>NPVRR is increased relative to Base DSM case for all three time periods</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,570	\$6,820	<ul> <li>NPVRR is increased relative to Base DSM case for all three time periods</li> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change relative to 2.0C</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.8% 1.2%	0.9% 0.9%	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2034  Regional Integration: 2040
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	38.4 23.7 62.1	40.7 24.3 65.0	Plan Robustness & Flexibility  No change relative to 2.0C

#### 3.1C.DSM-7 (MID DSM)

MID ELEC. / MID DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

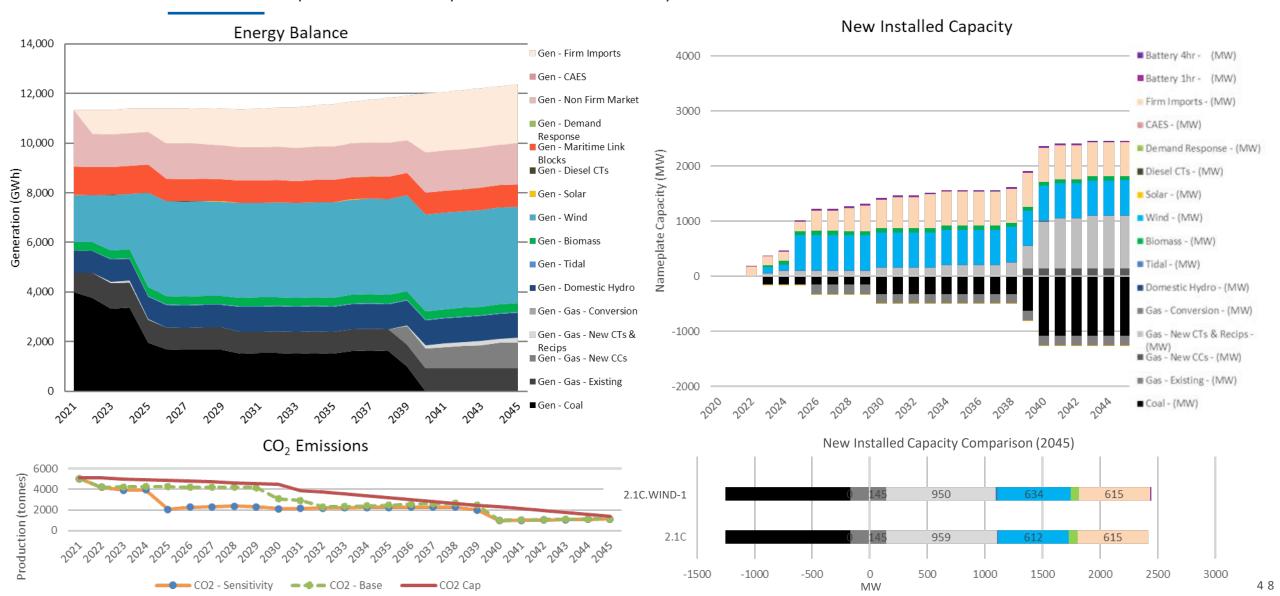


## 3.1C.DSM-7 (MID DSM)

MID ELEC. / MID DSM / ACCEL. NET ZERO 2045 / REGIONAL INTEGRATION

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation			
	Sensitivity	Base (3.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,996	\$13,734	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Resource plan is largely unchanged between 3.1C and 3.1C with Mid DSM</li> <li>Slightly fewer batteries are built through the planning horizon due to lower firm capacity</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$18,633	\$18,409	requirements (firm peak is 28MW lower by 2045 under Mid DSM vs. Base DSM)  • NPVRR is increased relative to Base DSM case for all three time periods  Esceptial Crid Services
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,524	\$7,224	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change relative to 3.1C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.9% 0.8%	1.4% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie: 2029</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2030</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No change relative to 3.1C</li> </ul>
Total $\mathrm{CO}_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $\mathrm{CO}_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $\mathrm{CO}_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	34.9 8.9 43.9	34.8 9.2 44.0	

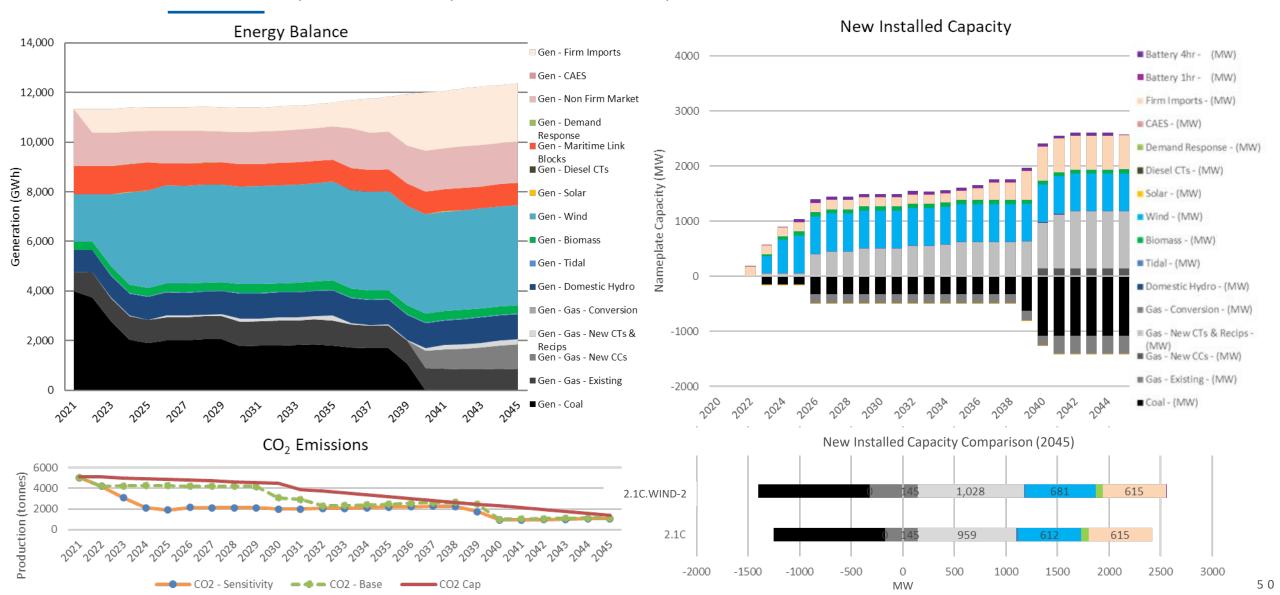
#### 2.1C.WIND-1 (LOW WIND COST)



# 2.1C.WIND-1 (LOW WIND COST)

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,978	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Low wind price advances build of significant wind quantities from 2030 in base case to 2025; Reliability Tie is advanced as well to enable integration</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,460	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Earlier build of Regional Interconnection relative to 2.1C allows procurement of firm capacity and delays some combustion turbine builds</li> <li>Additional wind energy enables an additional coal unit retirement in 2030 relative to 2.1C (advanced from 2036)</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,132	\$7,067	<ul> <li>Increased wind generation and earlier Regional Interconnection enables significantly reduced CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the 2020s; emissions in 2031-2045 are largely unchanged</li> <li>2045 resource plans are effectively the same</li> <li>NPVRR is reduced relative to 3.1C in two of three metrics, slightly higher in 10-yr NPV due</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.5% 0.6%	0.6% 0.7%	to advancement of investment  Essential Grid Services  No change relative to 2.1C  Resource Adequacy & PRM
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	30.5 26.1 56.6	41.8 29.1 70.9	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie: 2025</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2026</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Need further consideration on flexibility of import energy to balance increased wind capacity in the near term</li> </ul>

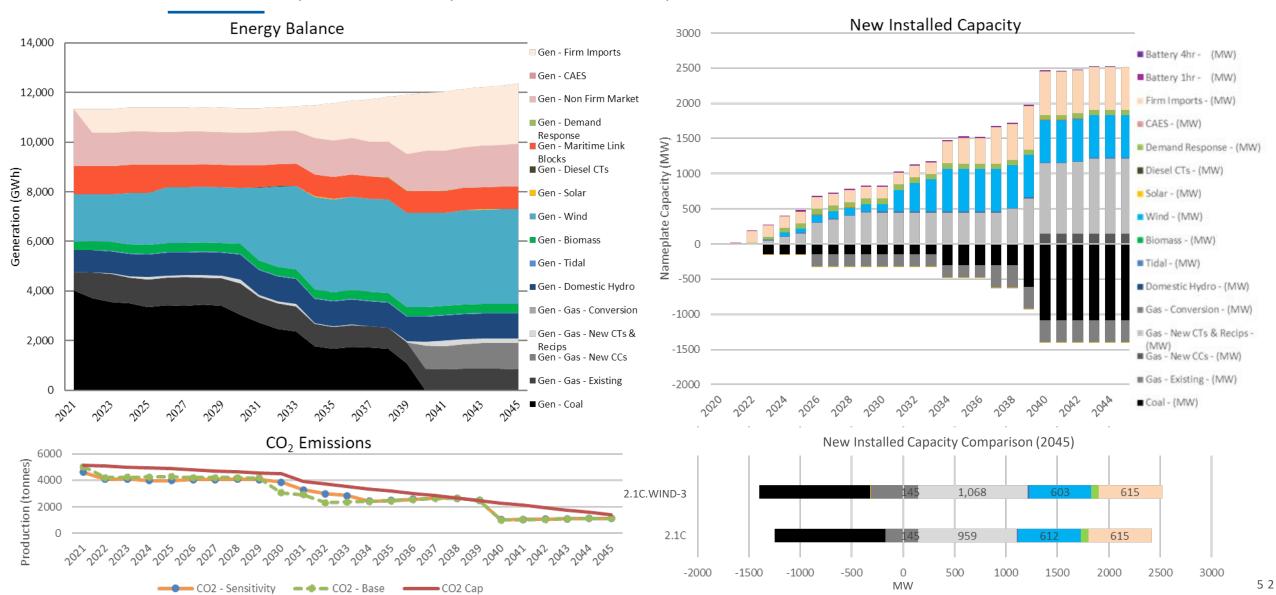
#### 2.1C.WIND-2 (LOW WIND & BATTERY COST)



### 2.1C.WIND-2 (LOW WIND & BATTERY COST)

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation			
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,086	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>In general, resource plan changes are similar to what is seen in 2.1C.WIND-1 sensitivity but more pronounced</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,519	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Low wind and battery prices advance build of significant wind quantities from 2030 in base case to 2024; Reliability Tie is advanced as well to enable integration along with additional integration provided by batteries</li> <li>Regional Integration is unchanged relative to 2.1C at 2036</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,177	\$7,067	<ul> <li>Additional wind energy enables an additional coal unit retirement in 2026 relative to 2.1C (advanced from 2036)</li> <li>Increased wind generation enables significantly reduced CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in the 2020s;</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.5% 0.6%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>emissions in 2031-2045 are largely unchanged</li> <li>2045 resource plans show more wind and more CTs, and 1 additional retired gas steam unit</li> <li>NPVRR is reduced relative to 3.1C in two of three metrics, slightly higher in 10-yr NPV due to advancement of investment</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	26.8 24.9 51.7	41.8 29.1 70.9	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change relative to 2.1C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2023</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2036</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Need further consideration on flexibility of import energy to balance increased wind capacity in the near term</li> </ul>

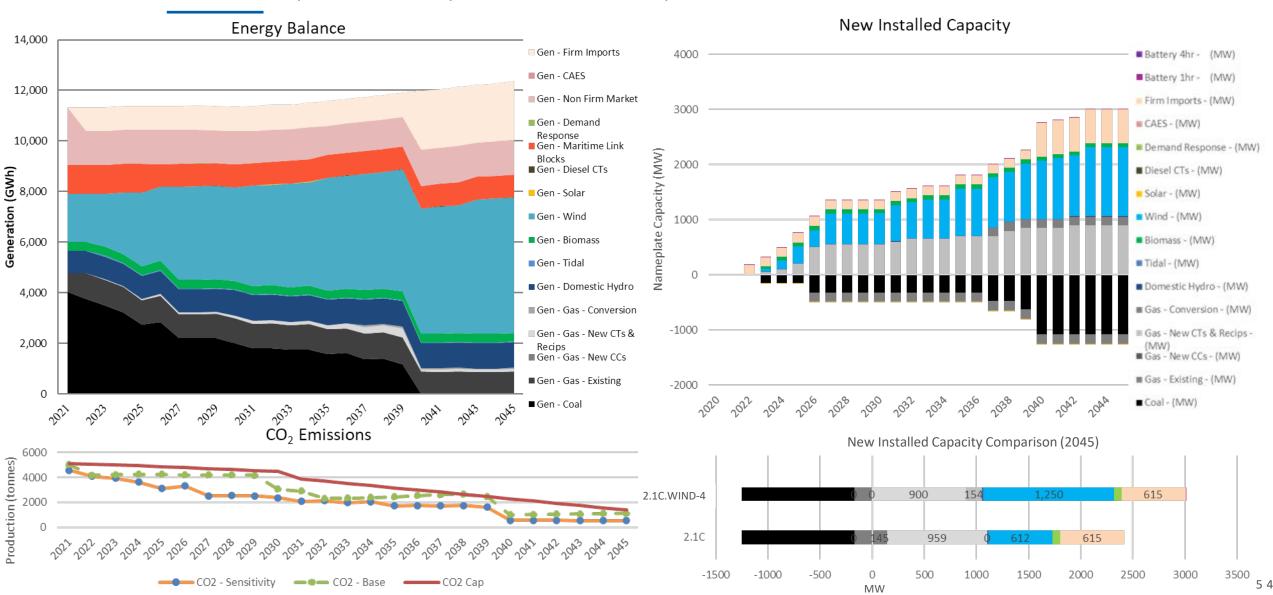
#### 2.1C.WIND-3 (LOW INERTIA CONSTRAINT)



## 2.1C.WIND-3 (LOW INERTIA CONSTRAINT)

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation				
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)		
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,059	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Inertia constraint is lowered from base of 3266 MW.sec to 2200 MW.sec in all hours</li> <li>Slight change to wind profile build is observed:</li> </ul>	
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,653	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Initial no integration build is 50MW 2024 / 50 MW 2026, vs. 100MW 2026 in 2.1C</li> <li>Reliability Tie is built one year later and 500MW wind build is staged from 2031-2034 rather than 2030-2032 as seen in 2.1C</li> </ul>	
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,000	\$7,067	<ul> <li>In both cases relatively little wind build via local integration option</li> <li>Incremental production cost savings are achieved via fewer thermal units online in early years of planning horizon; potential that this slightly delays the Reliability Tie build</li> <li>One additional gas steam unit is retired and replaced with incremental CT capacity</li> </ul>	
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.5% 0.7%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Results suggest that lowering the inertia constraint in isolation has a limited impact on overall resource plan optimization</li> <li>Cost differences are small over all three NPV metrics</li> </ul> Essential Grid Services	
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	40.8 30.9 71.7	41.8 29.1 70.9	<ul> <li>Current studies indicate that 2200MW.sec of online kinetic inertia is not sufficient to reliably operate the NS Power system today; additional stability studies required to confirm potential impacts and mitigations, or dynamic operating constraints based on system state</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2031</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2034</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No change from 2.1C</li> </ul>	

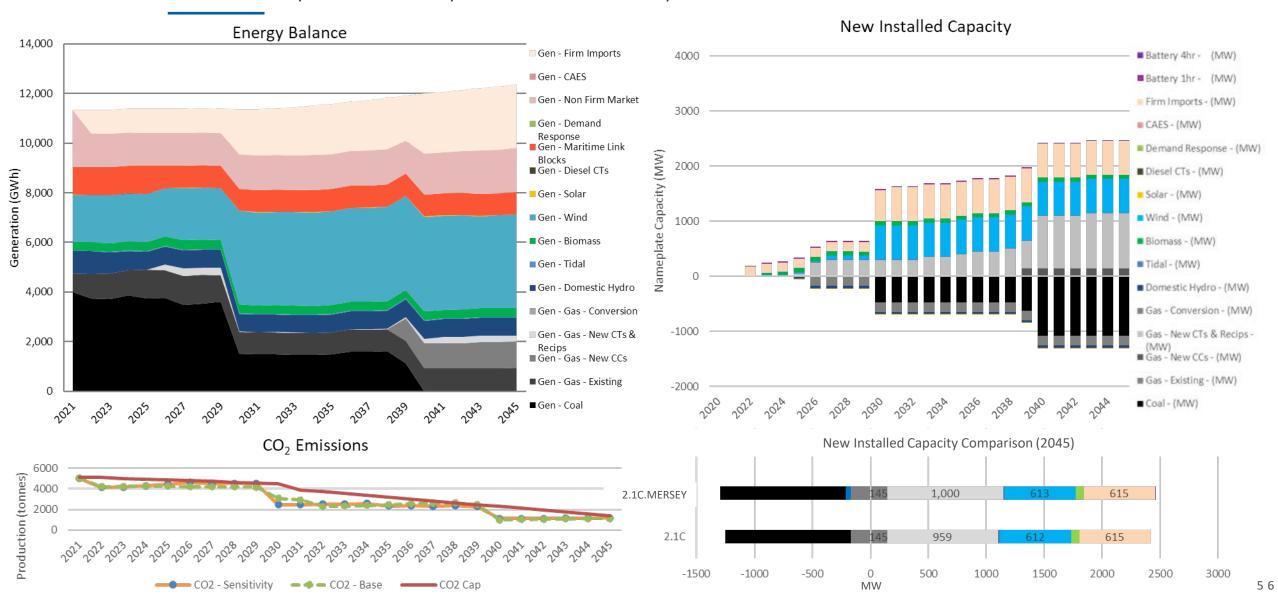
### 2.1C.WIND-4 (NO INERTIA / NO INTEGRATION)



# 2.1C.WIND-4 (NO INERTIA / NO INTEGRATION)

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,076	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Model builds more wind relative to base case, with 200MW incremental added by 2030 and 250MW incremental by 2035, and 638MW incremental in 2045</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,734	\$17,767	<ul> <li>1 coal to gas conversion is selected, replacing a NGCC unit from the base case</li> <li>PLEXOS MT/ST simulations show that curtailment reached 828 GWh in 2045 (13.4%), vs. 208 GWh in 2045 (5.2%) in the 2.1C base case</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,049	\$7,067	<ul> <li>Due to curtailment and replacement energy costs, NPVs incorporating MT/ST Production Costs are not significantly lower than the base scenario 2.1C</li> <li><u>Essential Grid Services</u></li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.4% 0.7%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>This run is intended as a test case to understand how the model will perform with no inertia constraint and no integration requirements for wind (i.e. Reliability Tie or Local Integration options); it is not a feasible resource plan but rather an extreme bookend</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT)	32.7	41.8	Reliability Tie: 2040 Regional Integration: 2040
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	20.1 52.8	29.1 70.9	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie was built economically as part of Regional Integration to access firm capacity and energy; not required in this run for wind</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Significant wind penetration could be challenging to operate under some conditions</li> <li>The plan has retained flexibility of supply by adding the Regional Integration resource</li> </ul>

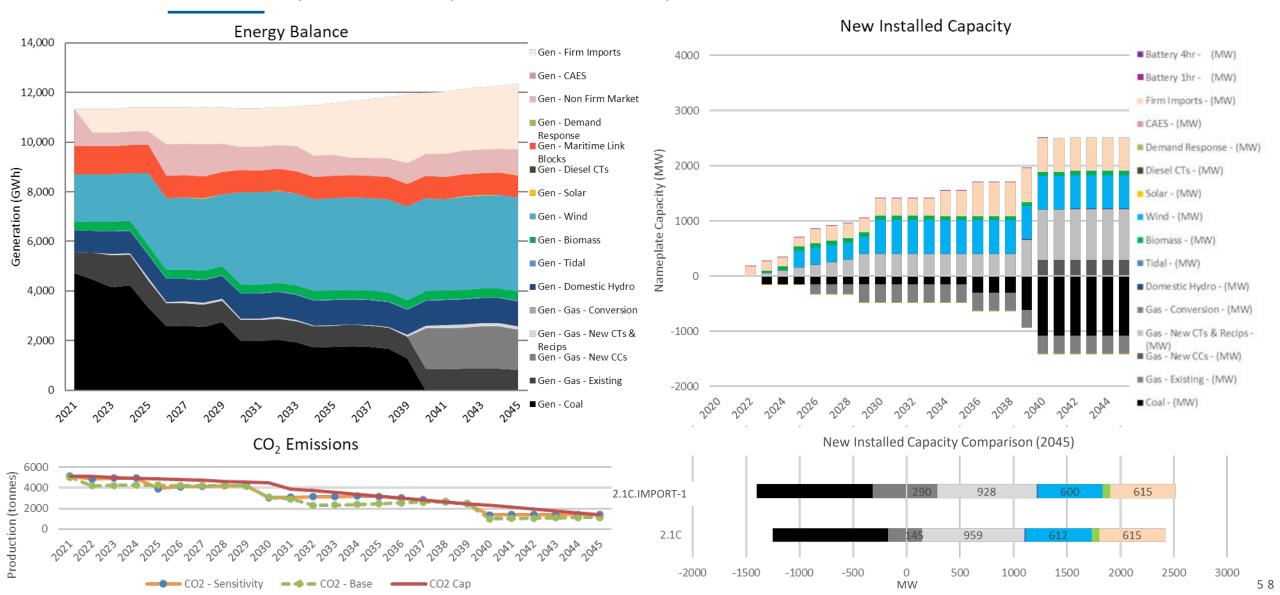
#### 2.1C.MERSEY (MERSEY HYDRO RETIRED)



### 2.1C.MERSEY (MERSEY HYDRO RETIRED)

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation			
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,097	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>While the Mersey system was economically retained in the screening phase, this sensitivity was completed in order to understand how capacity and energy would be replaced</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,845	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Mersey Hydro is assumed to retire in 2025 in this scenario</li> <li>Regional Integration build is advanced from 2036 to 2030, and significant wind build occurs in 2030 rather than 2032</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,885	\$7,067	<ul> <li>By the end of the planning horizon, the build is similar but with 40MW of incremental combustion turbine capacity accounting for the retirement of Mersey Hydro</li> <li>Mersey Decommissioning Cost (\$227MM) is external to PLEXOS but included in Sensitivity NPV and Rate Impact results as an extrinsic cost</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.6% 0.7%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>Decommissioning of Mersey Hydro system would require system stability studies for the Western region of Nova Scotia due to changes in essential grid service provision; cost of any mitigation not included in decommissioning NPV</li> </ul>
Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total $CO_2$ Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	42.7 28.5 71.2	41.8 29.1 70.9	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: 2030 Regional Integration: 2030
			<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>Hydro assets are not subject to fuel price volatility and are located locally in Nova Scotia</li> </ul>

### 2.1C.IMPORT-1 (LIMITED NON-FIRM IMPORTS)

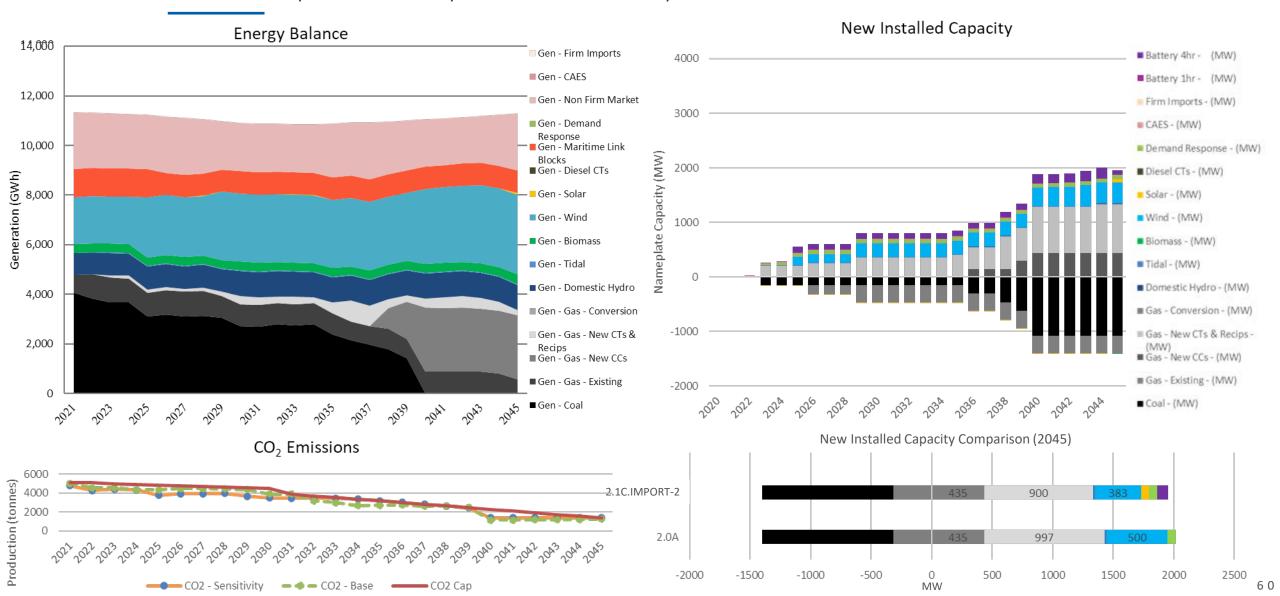


# 2.1C.IMPORT-1 (LIMITED NON-FIRM IMPORTS)

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation			
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,543	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Sensitivity reduces the maximum quantity of non-firm imports from all sources available to the model by 0.8TWh</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$18,176	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Model builds wind earlier in late 2020s</li> <li>Sensitivity case builds one additional NGCC and retires one additional gas steam unit but remainder of 2045 resource mix largely unchanged; generation mix sees additional procurement of firm imports to offset reduction in non-firm availability</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,373	\$7,067	<ul> <li>In general the 2.1C base resource plan is robust to a reduction in non-firm imports, but replacement energy does come at a higher cost</li> </ul>
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.9% 0.7%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change relative to 2.1C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2024</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	43.5 35.1 78.6	41.8 29.1 70.9	Regional Integration: 2026  Plan Robustness & Flexibility  No change relative to 2.1C

### 2.0A.IMPORT-2 (NO RELIABILITY TIE)

MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

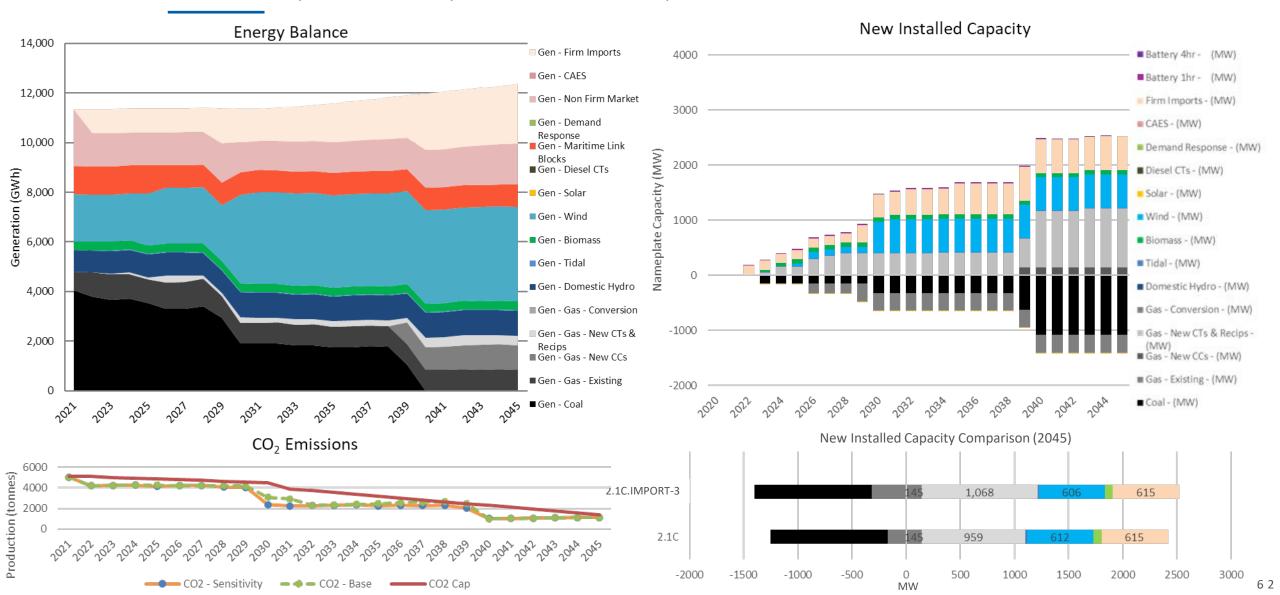


## 2.0A.IMPORT-2 (NO RELIABILITY TIE)

MID ELEC. / BASE DSM / NET ZERO 2050 / CURRENT LANDSCAPE

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation			
	Sensitivity	Base (2.0A)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,628	\$12,351	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Without the ability to build the Reliability Tie, wind is built via the local integration option (batteries + synchronous condensers), which also contribute to system inertia requirements</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$16,965	\$16,609	<ul> <li>Total quantity of wind built is less and batteries are added for wind integration; remainder of resource plan is similar</li> <li>Costs are higher than the base 2.0A scenario for all NPV metrics</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,951	\$6,831	Essential Grid Services  High inertia synchronous condensers contribute kinetic inertia in addition to online thermal
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	1.0% 1.1%	0.9% 1.0%	Resource Adequacy & PRM  Reliability Tie: n/a  Regional Integration: n/a
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	40.6 36.2 76.8	44.5 33.2 77.7	<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No change relative to 2.0A</li> </ul>

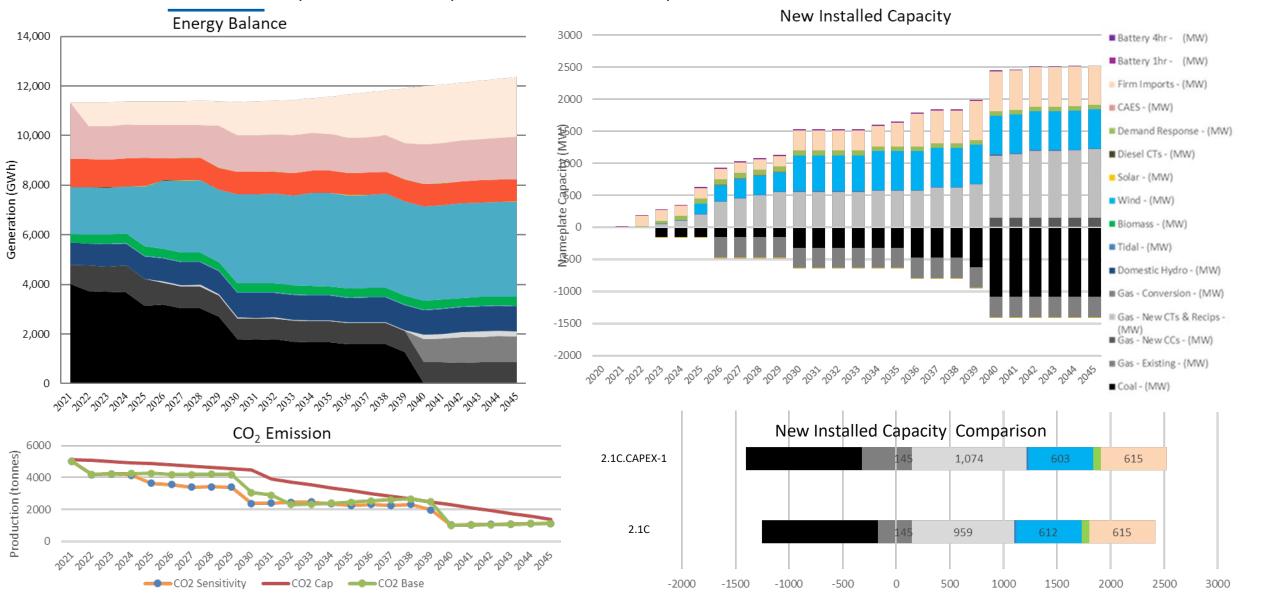
# 2.1C.IMPORT-3 (LIMITED RELIABILITY TIE INERTIA)



# 2.1C.IMPORT-3 (LIMITED RELIABILITY TIE INERTIA)

Scenario Metrics & Evaluation			
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,225	\$13,141	<ul> <li>In this scenario the Reliability Tie contributes only 50% of required system inertia once bu (i.e. 1633 MW.sec); intention of scenario is to test robustness of the assumption that Reliability Tie can supply all system inertia requirements</li> <li>Reliability Tie and Regional Integration are built slightly earlier in this scenario, with some accompanying earlier retirements as well, likely because more flexible units are easier to satisfy the remaining inertia requirement with</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,842	\$17,767	
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,111	\$7,067	
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.8% 0.7%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No change from 2.1C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2028</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2029</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	40.8 26.8 67.6	41.8 29.1 70.9	Plan Robustness & Flexibility  No change from 2.1C

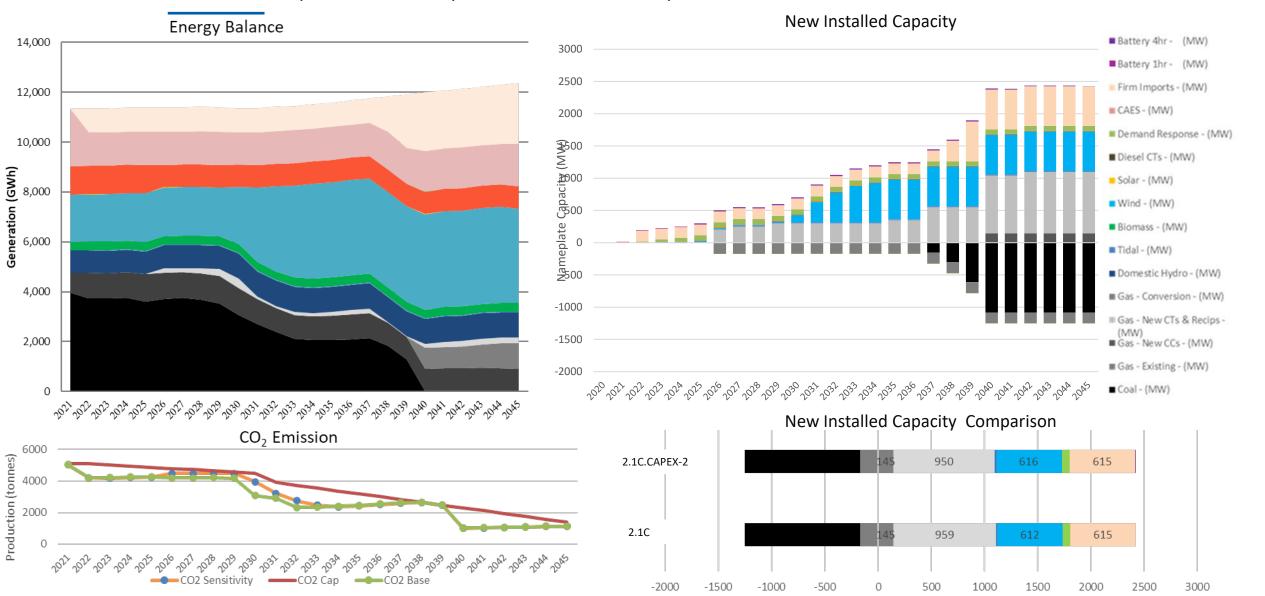
### 2.1C.CAPEX-1 (HIGH SUSTAINING CAPEX)



## 2.1C.CAPEX-1 (HIGH SUSTAINING CAPEX)

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$13,519	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>High case is modeled as a +50% increase in annual Sustaining Capital estimates for all thermal steam units (gas and coal)</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$18,093	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie is built 6 years earlier and Regional Interconnection 7 years earlier vs. Base</li> <li>1 additional gas steam unit retired in 2026; capacity replaced with combustion turbines</li> <li>1 coal unit retirement advanced to 2030 from 2040; capacity replaced with firm imports via Regional Interconnection</li> <li>Wind and combustion turbine builds replace capacity and energy from earlier retirements</li> <li>Final resource plan is very similar other than 1 additional gas steam unit retired and replaced with combustion turbines.</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,423	\$7,067	
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.8% 0.6%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>Essential Grid Services</li> <li>No significant change from 2.1C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2024</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	37.4 27.3 64.7	41.8 29.1 70.9	<ul> <li>Regional Integration: 2029</li> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No significant change from 2.1C</li> </ul>

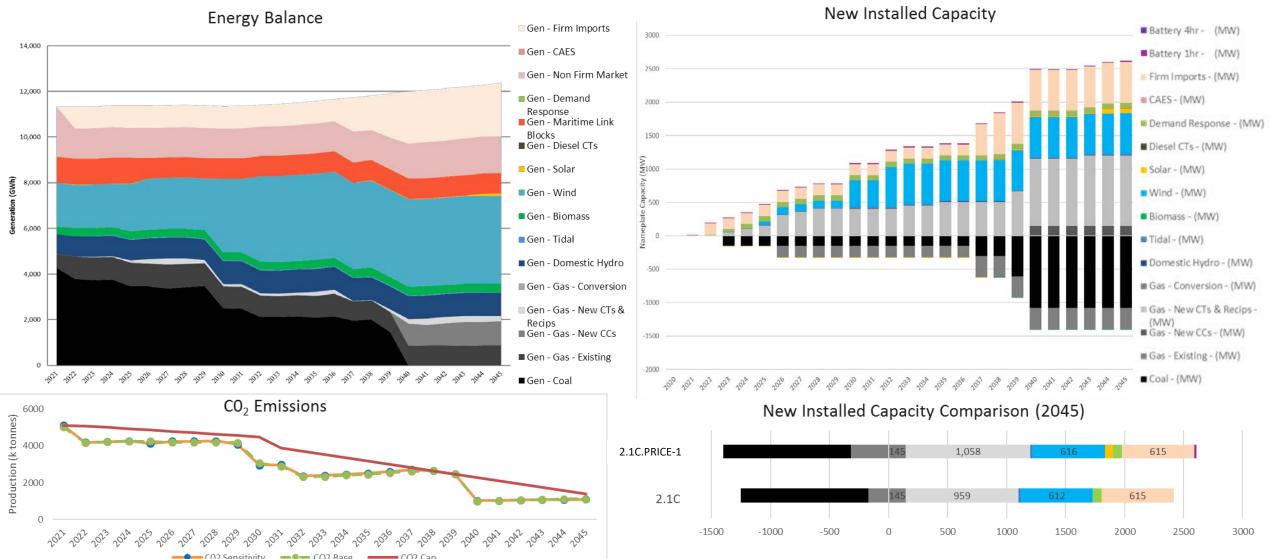
### 2.1C.CAPEX-2 (LOW SUSTAINING CAPEX)



### 2.1C.CAPEX-2 (LOW SUSTAINING CAPEX)

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$12,929	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Low case is modeled as a -25% increase in annual Sustaining Capital estimates for all thermal steam units (gas and coal)</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$17,566	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie is built 1 year later and Regional Interconnection 2 years later vs. Base</li> <li>Gas steam retirements unchanged from Base</li> <li>Early coal retirement in Base scenario is delayed until 2038</li> <li>Combustion turbine and wind builds are delayed in line with later coal unit retirement date</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$6,932	\$7,067	but final resource plan is essentially unchanged from 2.1C  Essential Grid Services
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.5% 0.7%	0.6% 0.7%	<ul> <li>No significant change from 2.1C</li> <li>Resource Adequacy &amp; PRM</li> <li>Reliability Tie: 2031</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2038</li> </ul>
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	43.8 29.8 73.6	41.8 29.1 70.9	<ul> <li>Plan Robustness &amp; Flexibility</li> <li>No significant change from 2.1C</li> </ul>

#### 2.1C.PRICES-1 (HIGH IMPORT & GAS PRICES)



## 2.1C.PRICES-1 (HIGH IMPORT & GAS PRICES)

			Scenario Metrics & Evaluation
	Sensitivity	Base (2.1C)	
25-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$14,012	\$13,141	<ul> <li>General Notes</li> <li>Under this sensitivity, gas and import prices were increased to the High sensitivity case developed as part of the IRP Assumptions set</li> </ul>
25-yr NPVRR w/ End Effects (\$MM)	\$19,272	\$17,767	<ul> <li>Relatively little change is seen in the resource plan relative to the base scenario</li> <li>A small amount of solar is added late in the horizon as an energy resource, not see in the base case run</li> <li>One additional gas steam turbine retirement relative to the base case (2037), replaced with combustion turbine capacity</li> <li>Small increment to battery installed capacity late in the planning horizon</li> <li>Regional Integration resource strategy is selected one year later, indicating this strategy is</li> </ul>
10-yr NPVRR (\$MM)	\$7,394	\$7,067	
Average Annual Partial Rate Impact 2021-2030 (%) 2021-2045 (%)	0.9% 1.0%	0.6% 0.7%	robust to higher import energy prices  Essential Grid Services  No significant change from 2.1C  Resource Adequacy & PRM
Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2030 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2031-2045 (MT) Total CO <sub>2</sub> Emissions 2021-2045 (MT)	41.8 29.5 71.3	41.8 29.1 70.9	<ul> <li>Reliability Tie: 2029</li> <li>Regional Integration: 2037</li> </ul> Plan Robustness & Flexibility <ul> <li>No significant change from 2.1C</li> </ul>

